

## Senate Committee Approves Carswell

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Senate Judiciary Committee approved by a vote of 12 to 4 today the Supreme Court nomination of Judge G. Harrold Carswell of Tallahassee, Fla.

Chairman James O. Eastland, D-Miss., told newsmen that the committee's majority report recommending Carswell's confirmation will be filed in the Senate later today.

He said 10 days were granted for the filing of a minority report.

The senators voting against approval of Carswell's nomination were all Democrats—Philip A. Hart of Michigan, Edward M. Kennedy of Massachusetts, Birch Bayh of Indiana and Joseph D. Tydings of Maryland.

Sen. Marlow Cook, R-Ky., passed without voting when the roll was called in the closed-door meeting.

Eastland also announced that the committee had agreed to vote by April 24 on a proposed constitutional amendment providing for the election of the president and vice president by direct popular vote.

Bayh, chief Senate sponsor of the direct election plan, had insisted at an earlier meeting of the committee that a time be fixed for voting on it before the committee voted on the nomination of Carswell.

Up to today, there had been no public, stated opposition from any committee members.

However, six other senators have announced they will vote against the nomination when it reaches the floor.

The latest was Sen. Harrison A. Williams Jr., D-N.J., who said Sunday night he was "appalled by the mediocrity of Carswell's nomination."

Carswell, now a judge on the U.S. 5th Court of Appeals "was and is a white supremacist," Williams said.

President Nixon nominated Carswell Jan. 19 after his earlier selection of Judge Clement F. Haynsworth Jr., of Greenville, S.C., was rejected by a 55-45 Senate vote.

The Judiciary Committee concluded its hearings on Carswell's nomination Feb. 3, but at a closed door meeting immediately afterward Bayh objected to voting unless an agreement was reached first on acting on the proposed electoral reform amendment.

The meeting broke up in a deadlock, but Chairman James O. Eastland, D-Miss., indicated the way had been cleared for a vote April 24 on the Bayh amendment.

Opposition has centered on a white supremacy speech Carswell made 22 years ago, his judicial record in handling school desegregation and other civil rights cases and his role, which he described as minor and short-lived, in organizing an all-white country club in Tallahassee in 1956 to take over a municipal golf course.

Carswell has recanted on the 1956 speech, saying the remarks, made during a legislative campaign speech, now were repugnant to him, and he has denied any anti-civil rights bias since being named a federal judge.

However, another element was entered in the racial controversy late last week when a Florida newspaper reported the deed to some property Carswell and his wife sold in 1966 contained a white-only clause.

According to records filed at the Wakulla County, Fla., courthouse, the clause said "ownership, occupancy and use shall be restricted to members of the Caucasian race."

Carswell has made no comment.

(See Page Two)



Protesters picket outside Chicago's Federal Building after Judge Hoffman handed out prison sentences for contempt in the riot trial. (AP Photo-fax)

## Jury in Chicago in Third Day Of Deliberations on Riot Trial

CHICAGO (AP) — A U.S. District Court jury resumed deliberations today, the third day, on a verdict in the trial of seven men charged with riot conspiracy at the time of the 1968 Democratic National Convention.

The defendants already are in jail for contemptuous behavior during the long trial and one of their lawyers has been sentenced to four years in prison for contempt.

Judge Julius J. Hoffman of U.S. District Court finished fixing sentences on the defendants for contempt Sunday, then turned to lawyers William M. Kunstler, and Leonard I. Weinglass.

Kunstler, 50, of New York City was sentenced to 48 months and 13 days on 24 counts of contempt. Weinglass, 36, of Newark, N.J., was sentenced to 20 months and 5 days in prison on 14 counts.

The judge characterized as "reprehensible conduct," the actions of the lawyers for the seven men charged with conspiracy to incite rioting at the time of the 1968 Democratic National Convention.

He stayed execution of the lawyers, sentences to May 4 to allow them to perform legal duties for their clients, being held in the federal tier of Cook County Jail during the jury deliberations.

If convicted of conspiracy, each man faces a maximum sentence of 10 years in prison and a \$20,000 fine. The judge denied motions to free the seven on bond pending appeal of the contempt charges.

Weinglass told newsmen Sunday night that he was optimistic because the jury had not reached a quick verdict.

"I was very pessimistic at the beginning of the trial but I think that now that the jury has been

out some time there is a reasonable likelihood of an acquittal or a hung jury," he said.

The jury was locked up shortly after noon Saturday and the judge promptly began his contempt citations.

He sent four defendants to jail Saturday and sentenced the remaining three Sunday. Defendants' sentences ranged from 29 months and 16 days for David T. Dellinger, 54, down to 2 months and 18 days for Lee Weiner, 31. Dellinger was cited on 32 counts and Weiner on 7 counts.

Weiner's mother, Mrs. Ruth Weiner, was reported in fair condition today at a hospital where she was admitted Sunday after taking an overdose of drugs. She and Weiner's father were in the courtroom when their son was ordered to jail.

Jerry C. Rubin, 31, was sentenced to 25 months and 23 days on 15 counts; John R. Froines, 31, received 6 months and 15

days on 10 counts; Thomas E. Hayden, 30, sentenced to 14 months and 14 days on 11 counts; Renard C. "Renlie" Davis, 29, received 25 months and 8 days on 23 counts and Abbot "Abbie" Hoffman, 31, was sentenced to 8 months on 23 counts.

Penalties for each count ranged from one day for such offenses as failing to rise when the judge entered the court, or Abbie Hoffman's blowing a kiss to the jury, to six months for direct violations of the judge's orders.

Dellinger was sentenced to six months, the maximum for a single contempt offense without a jury trial, for calling the judge, "Mr.," and Kunstler was given two six-month sentences for statements he made Feb. 2.

During an argument, Kunstler told the judge, "You have violated every principle of fair play." Later in the same session, the lawyer called the trial a "legal lynching."

Froines was given a month on one count "for laughing aloud."

Abbie Hoffman received five days for a Feb. 4 outburst during which he said to the judge, "You're a disgrace to the Jews, you little runt." He received six days for an outburst on the following day during which he used obscenities and often referred to the judge as "Julie."

A legal team of seven lawyers announced Sunday it was preparing briefs to appeal the contempt sentences. The American Civil Liberties Union criticized the judge's action and said it would play a "very substantial role" in expected appeals.

An ACLU statement issued in New York said, in part, "We find particularly reprehensible the practice of accumulating numerous short sentences imposed after trial and long after the alleged acts or contempt have occurred, as a means of denying a jury trial and other guaranteed rights normally provided in criminal procedures."

A coalition of antiwar groups planned a march in New York late today to protest the contempt sentences. Supporters of the defendants demonstrated Sunday outside the Federal Building in Chicago.

Police search Judge Hoffman's Near North Side apartment late Sunday night after receiving a tip from an unidentified person who said he had overheard persons planning to place a bomb in Hoffman's home. No bomb was found.

The judge took 10 hours Saturday and Sunday to read the specifications of contempt against the nine men.

To Hayden, who criticized the American system, the judge

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

protested the trial. (AP Photo-fax)

## Jet Sinks in Sea, 102 Believed Dead

SANTO DOMINGO, Dominican Republic (AP)—No survivors had been found early today from a Dominican airliner which crashed in the Caribbean with 102 persons aboard, rescue officials reported.

The passengers included seven U.S. citizens and 45 Puerto Ricans, officials of the airline said.

At least 200 bodies have been recovered after an all night search over a 50-mile area.

Among those identified was a former world lightweight boxing champion Carlos "Teo" Cruz, his wife and four-year-old son.

The Dominican Airlines twinjet DC9 crashed into the Caribbean about five miles off the south coast of the island of Hispaniola a few minutes after taking off for San Juan, Puerto Rico, Sunday afternoon.

The pilot had radioed that his engines were failing.

The airline said the U.S. citizens aboard, other than the Puerto Ricans, were John Payne, Chicago; Theodore Payne, Salt Lake City; Ruth Atosto, New York City; Gilbert Hays, Florida; Francis Robert Downes of Massachusetts, who lived in the Dominican Republic at Las Matas de Farfan; and two Cubans who were naturalized U.S. citizens, Emerito Perez Acevedo and Concepcion Nanson.

Also aboard were 45 Dominicans, one Spaniard, two Peruvians, an Argentine and a Belgian priest who lived in the Dominican Republic.

Francis Robert Downes was identified as a Roman Catholic priest.

Also aboard was the Argentine television producer, Hector Garcia Vila, who had been living in Santo Domingo. He was producer of the program "Sunday Show," one of the most popular here.

Puerto Rican model Migdalla Lopez also was identified as one of the victims.

The model was well known to television viewers for her role in the weekly show "Strangers in the Night," a dating-game type production.

Migdalla was married to WAPA executive Eddy Diaz.

Wreckage was spotted about five miles offshore, and Dominican air and naval units searched for survivors through the night. An American search plane from Puerto Rico dropped flares over the area.

Among those reported aboard was a former world lightweight boxing champion, Carlos "Teo" Cruz, his wife and two children.

Also aboard were the wife, daughter and sister of Gen. Antonio Imbert Barrera, who assassinated Dominican dictator Rafael Trujillo in 1961 and headed a ruling junta after the overthrow of President Juan Bosch.

His daughter, Leslie, was going to San Juan to buy her wedding dress. She was engaged to the son of the Italian consul.

Cruz, 32, has been training for a fight next month with Roger Zami in Paris and was to have left for France Wednesday.

Cruz lost the lightweight title to Mando Ramos of Los Angeles last year.

President Joaquin Balaguer proclaimed two days of national mourning and expressed his personal sorrow at the tragedy.

Airline officials said the \$5 million jetliner had been in

the second floor near the kitchen, firemen said. Cause of the fire was not immediately known.

Mrs. Curry and the children who survived during their escape through a back window. The dead children were found near the windows on the second floor.

A third tragedy struck in Rome, Italy, where a massive avalanche of snow roared down 8,000-foot Mt. Pratiello today and wiped out a ski run, killing two persons and injuring six. One more was feared buried.

The avalanche struck as winter belatedly hit Italy with the worst storms of the year. Rome had an unusual snowfall. Half a dozen Apennine towns were snowbound.

The avalanche which swept

every bush and tree branch, from the front or from the rear. Will the plunderers pillage the precious parcels of holiday pearls? Can our powerful party make it back in time for the Washington's Birthday Sales? (Herald photo by Buccivicino)

Value of Vigilance Verified

Poised to pounce on our proud patriots are some "enemy" (out of town) storeowners. From behind their bush the pilfering polecats are waiting to ambush the stage, but the ever-alert guards have suspected trouble to come from everywhere—from

every bush and tree branch, from the front or from the rear. Will the plunderers pillage the precious parcels of holiday pearls? Can our powerful party make it back in time for the Washington's Birthday Sales? (Herald photo by Buccivicino)

Value of Vigilance Verified

Poised to pounce on our proud patriots are some "enemy" (out of town) storeowners. From behind their bush the pilfering polecats are waiting to ambush the stage, but the ever-alert guards have suspected trouble to come from everywhere—from

every bush and tree branch, from the front or from the rear. Will the plunderers pillage the precious parcels of holiday pearls? Can our powerful party make it back in time for the Washington's Birthday Sales? (Herald photo by Buccivicino)

Value of Vigilance Verified

### For Democrats

## Daddario Seeks Nomination As Gubernatorial Candidate

By SOL R. COHEN

First District Cong. Emilio Q. Daddario yesterday announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for governor, at a function unique in state history.

His announcement was at a huge press conference in the Grand Ballroom of the Hartford Hilton, before a cheering crowd estimated by hotel officials at about 2,000 persons.

The conference was the first of its kind in Connecticut. The spectators, standing behind ropes which separated them from two rows of press tables, cheered and applauded at Daddario's answers to news questions.

They cheered only three times during Daddario's formal speech — when he mentioned Gov. John Dempsey by name, calling him "our outstanding governor"; when he said, "I now ask your support, and with your support I shall seek the Democratic nomination for governor of our state"; and when, at the end of his speech, he said, "It will be a hard road but I hope not a lonely one, for I ask you to travel down it with me."

In a scholarly address that had all the earmarks of an acceptance speech, and at a session which seemed more like a convention than a press conference, Daddario listed the issues on which he will base his candidacy for the gubernatorial nomination:

"The impact on the state's economy when cutbacks are made in military expenditures. 'We must assess the unequal impact that will strike some of our workers and take steps to insure that their special talents will not be lost to Connecticut.'"

"Welfare programs and their administration. 'We will carefully reexamine the major changes made in our welfare program during the 1969 session of the General Assembly.'"

"Violence and disorder. 'We must intensify our efforts to remove the causes of violence, and we must increase our commitment to the preservation of law with justice.'"

"Drug Usage. 'Efforts at the state level must be intensified, particularly in the areas of rehabilitation and education.'"

"Transportation, both metropolitan and regional. 'The improvement in our commuter service to and from New York City demands the highest priority of action.'"

"Housing. 'There is a crucial shortage of housing at all economic levels, emphasized by statistics which show a low vacancy rate of living quarters in our urban centers.'"

"Functions and responsibilities of the executive branch. 'We intend to keep all agencies

(See Page Fourteen)



Daddario at Hartford's Hilton after announcing his gubernatorial candidacy. (AP Photofax)

## GOP Nod for U.S. Senate Sought by Etherington

By JOHN JOHNSTON  
(Herald Staff Reporter)

Edwin D. Etherington, president of Wesleyan University until he resigned Feb. 7, became the fourth formal candidate for the Republican nomination for the United States Senate in announcing his candidacy this morning at a press conference held at the Hartford Hilton.

Previously announced candidates are former U.S. Rep. Abner Sibal of Weston; State Sen. John M. Lupton, also of Weston; and Atty. Palmer McGee of Farmington.

Etherington said he is announcing his candidacy without any deals. "No official of the Republican Party has promised me anything. No candidate or potential candidate for any office has given me any assurances of any private information concerning his plans. I have made no commitments. I start from scratch."

In this connection he expressed "no preference" for running on the ticket with a gubernatorial candidate. He referred to one candidate, State Senate Minority Leader Wallace Barnes, as "an old friend," and said he knows a potential candidate, Malcolm Baldrige, "very well." He added, "I have met Tom Meakill. Meakill is U.S. Representative from Connecticut's 6th Congressional District."

Calling attention to himself as a new entry in the political arena, Etherington did not register as a Republican in Connecticut until 10 days ago, he said.

"I also start with the conviction that the political system is open to people with new perspectives."

"They (the people) know that the problems — inflation, war, inner city blight, poverty in city and rural areas, racial tension, pollution, all the rest — are problems of the people. Not Democratic problems and not Republican problems. Problems of the people."

"They want a Congress of responsible people with the patience and determination to get to the root of our problems. They want from Congress the wisdom, honesty, leadership and courage to galvanize the national energy in the cause of a better America. We need legislators who feel as well as understand, who can think and who will act."

During his campaign, Etherington said, "I hope to develop suggestions for problem-solving. I hope to come up with ideas as to what people can do. Most of all, I hope to convey my sense of optimism—the optimism of a lawyer and businessman turned educator who has

(See Page Fourteen)

### Riot Trial at a Glance

By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Here in brief are facts on the Chicago trial of seven men charged with conspiring to incite rioting at the time of the 1968 Democratic National Convention.

Jury begins third day of deliberations Monday.

CONTEMPT — All seven defendants and their two defense attorneys cited for contempt of court, sentenced to terms ranging from 2½ months to four years. Defendants are jailed, lawyers permitted to remain free until May.

APPEALS — Seven lawyers and law professors say they will work together to appeal contempt sentences.

PROTESTS — Supporters of defendants demonstrated Sunday outside Federal Building in Chicago. Coalition of antiwar groups plans Monday afternoon protest march in New York.

American Civil Liberties Union in New York deplores contempt sentences, accuses Judge Julius J. Hoffman of an "extraordinary and unconstitutional" misuse of power.

Here are brief sketches of the judge presiding at the riot conspiracy trial and the two defense lawyers he sentenced to prison for contempt:

Judge Julius J. Hoffman, 74, is a sharp-tongued disciplinarian who has been a lawyer

for 30 years. He is a member of the American Bar Association and the American Academy of Jurisprudence and Social Science.

He is a member of the American Bar Association and the American Academy of Jurisprudence and Social Science.

He is a member of the American Bar Association and the American Academy of Jurisprudence and Social Science.

He is a member of the American Bar Association and the American Academy of Jurisprudence and Social Science.

He is a member of the American Bar Association and the American Academy of Jurisprudence and Social Science.

He is a member of the American Bar Association and the American Academy of Jurisprudence and Social Science.

He is a member of the American Bar Association and the American Academy of Jurisprudence and Social Science.

He is a member of the American Bar Association and the American Academy of Jurisprudence and Social Science.

He is a member of the American Bar Association and the American Academy of Jurisprudence and Social Science.



Value of Vigilance Verified

Poised to pounce on our proud patriots are some "enemy" (out of town) storeowners. From behind their bush the pilfering polecats are waiting to ambush the stage, but the ever-alert guards have suspected trouble to come from everywhere—from

every bush and tree branch, from the front or from the rear. Will the plunderers pillage the precious parcels of holiday pearls? Can our powerful party make it back in time for the Washington's Birthday Sales? (Herald photo by Buccivicino)

Value of Vigilance Verified

Poised to pounce on our proud patriots are some "enemy" (out of town) storeowners. From behind their bush the pilfering polecats are waiting to ambush the stage, but the ever-alert guards have suspected trouble to come from everywhere—from



## Senate Committee Approves Carswell

WASHINGTON (AP)—The Senate Judiciary Committee approved by a vote of 12 to 4 today the Supreme Court nomination of Judge G. Harrold Carswell of Tallahassee, Fla.

Chairman James O. Eastland, D-Miss., told newsmen that the committee's majority report recommending Carswell's confirmation will be filed in the Senate later today.

He said 10 days were granted for the filing of a minority report.

The senators voting against approval of Carswell's nomination were all Democrats—Philip A. Hart of Michigan, Edward M. Kennedy of Massachusetts, Birch Bayh of Indiana and Joseph D. Tydings of Maryland.

Sen. Marlow Cook, R-Ky., passed without voting when the roll was called in the closed-door meeting.

Eastland also announced that the committee had agreed to vote by April 24 on a proposed constitutional amendment providing for the election of the president and vice president by direct popular vote.

Bayh, chief Senate sponsor of the direct election plan, had insisted at an earlier meeting of the committee that a time be fixed for voting on it before the committee voted on the nomination of Carswell.

Up to today, there had been no public, stated opposition from any committee members.

However, six other senators have announced they will vote against the nomination when it reaches the floor.

The latest was Sen. Harrison A. Williams Jr., D-N.J., who said Sunday night he was "appalled by the mediocrity of Carswell's nomination."

Carswell, now a judge on the U.S. 5th Court of Appeals "was and is a white supremacist," Williams said.

President Nixon nominated Carswell Jan. 19 after his earlier selection of Judge Clement F. Haynsworth Jr., of Greenville, S.C., was rejected by a 55-45 Senate vote.

The Judiciary Committee concluded its hearings on Carswell's nomination Feb. 3, but at a closed door meeting immediately afterward Bayh objected to voting unless an agreement was reached on acting on the proposed electoral reform amendment.

The meeting broke up in a deadlock, but Chairman James O. Eastland, D-Miss., indicated the way had been cleared for a vote April 24 on the Bayh amendment.

Opposition has centered on a white supremacy speech Carswell made 22 years ago, his judicial record in handling school desegregation and other civil rights cases and his role, which he described as minor and short-lived, in organizing an all-white country club in Tallahassee in 1956 to take over a municipal golf course.

Carswell has recanted on the 1948 speech, saying the remarks, made during a legislative campaign speech, now were repugnant to him, and he has denied any anticivil rights bias since being named a federal judge.

However, another element was entered in the racial controversy late last week when a Florida newspaper reported the deed to some property Carswell and his wife sold in 1966 contained a white-only clause.

According to records filed at the Wakulla County, Fla., courthouse, the clause said "ownership, occupancy and use shall be restricted to members of the Caucasian race."

Carswell has made no comment.

(See Page Two)

## For Democrats

### Daddario Seeks Nomination As Gubernatorial Candidate

By SOL R. COHEN

First District Cong. Emilio Q. Daddario yesterday announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for governor, at a function unique in state history.

His announcement was at a huge press conference in the Grand Ballroom of the Hartford Hilton, before a cheering crowd estimated by hotel officials at about 2,000 persons.

The conference was the first of its kind in Connecticut. The spectators, standing behind ropes which separated them from two rows of press tables, cheered and applauded at Daddario's answers to news questions.

They cheered only three times during Daddario's formal speech — when he mentioned Gov. John Dempsey by name, calling him "our outstanding governor;" when he said, "I now ask your support, and with your support I shall seek the Democratic nomination for governor of our state;" and when, at the end of his speech, he said, "It will be a hard road but I hope not a lonely one, for I ask you to travel down it with me."

In a scholarly address that had all the earmarks of an acceptance speech, and at a session which seemed more like a convention than a press conference, Daddario listed the issues on which he will base his candidacy for the gubernatorial nomination:

The impact on the state's economy when cutbacks are made in military expenditures. "We must assess the unequal impact that will strike some of our workers and take steps to insure that their special talents will not be lost to Connecticut."

Welfare programs and their administration. "We will carefully reexamine the major changes made in our welfare program during the 1969 session of the General Assembly."

Violence and disorder. "We must intensify our efforts to remove the causes of violence, and we must increase our commitment to the preservation of law with justice."

Drug Usage. "Efforts at the state level must be intensified, particularly in the areas of rehabilitation and education."

Transportation, both metropolitan and regional. "The improvement in our commuter service to and from New York City demands the highest priority of action."

Housing. "There is a crucial shortage of housing at all economic levels, emphasized by statistics which show a low vacancy rate of living quarters in our urban centers."

Functions and responsibilities of the executive branch. "We are in need to keep all agencies in tune."

(See Page Fourteen)



Daddario at Hartford's Hilton after announcing his gubernatorial candidacy. (AP Photofax)



Protestors picket outside Chicago's Federal Building after Judge Hoffman handed out prison sentences for contempt in the riot trial. (AP Photofax)

## Jury in Chicago in Third Day Of Deliberations on Riot Trial

CHICAGO (AP)—A U.S. District Court jury resumed deliberations today, the third day, on a verdict in the trial of seven men charged with riot conspiracy at the time of the 1968 Democratic National Convention.

The defendants already are in jail for contemptuous behavior during the long trial and one of their lawyers has been sentenced to four years in prison for contempt.

Judge Julius J. Hoffman of U.S. District Court finished fixing sentences on the defendants for contempt Sunday, then turned to lawyers William M. Kunstler, and Leonard I. Weinglass.

Kunstler, 50, of New York City was sentenced to 48 months and 15 days on 24 counts of contempt. Weinglass, 36, of Newark, N.J., was sentenced to 20 months and 5 days in prison on 14 counts.

The judge characterized as "reprehensible conduct," the actions of the lawyers for the seven men charged with conspiracy to incite rioting at the time of the 1968 Democratic National Convention.

He stayed execution of the lawyers, sentences to May 4 to allow them to perform legal duties for their clients, being held in the federal trial of Cook County Jail during the jury deliberations.

If convicted of conspiracy, each man faces a maximum sentence of 10 years in prison and a \$20,000 fine. The judge denied motions to free the seven on bond pending appeal of the contempt charges.

Weinglass told newsmen Sunday night that he was optimistic because the jury had not reached a quick verdict.

"I was very pessimistic at the beginning of the trial but I think that now that the jury has been

out some time there is a reasonable likelihood of an acquittal or a hung jury," he said.

The jury was locked up shortly after noon Saturday and the judge promptly began his contempt citations.

He sent four defendants to jail Saturday and sentenced the remaining three Sunday. Defendants' sentences ranged from 29 months and 16 days for David T. Dellinger, 54, down to 2 months and 18 days for Lee Weiner, 31.

Dellinger was cited on 32 counts and Weiner on 7 counts.

Weiner's mother, Mrs. Ruth Weiner, was reported in fair condition today at a hospital where she was admitted Sunday after taking an overdose of drugs. She and Weiner's father were in the courtroom when their son was ordered to jail.

Jerry C. Rubin, 31, was sentenced to 25 months and 23 days on 15 counts; John R. Froines, 31, received 6 months and 15

days on 10 counts; Thomas E. Hayden, 30, sentenced to 14 months and 14 days on 11 counts; Rennard C. "Rennie" Davis, 29, received 25 months and 5 days on 23 counts and Abbot "Abbie" Hoffman, 31, was sentenced to 8 months on 23 counts.

Penalties for each count ranged from one day for such offenses as failing to rise when the judge entered the court, or Abbie Hoffman's blowing a kiss to the jury, to six months for direct violations of the judge's orders.

Dellinger was sentenced to six months, the maximum for a single contempt offense without a jury trial, for calling the judge, "Mr.," and Kunstler was given two six-month sentences for statements he made Feb. 2.

During an argument, Kunstler told the judge, "You have violated every principle of fair play." Later in the same session, the lawyer called the trial a "legal lynching."

Froines was given a month on one count "for laughing aloud."

Abbie Hoffman received five days for a Feb. 4 outburst during which he said to the judge, "You're a disgrace to the Jews, you little runt." He received six days for an outburst on the following day during which he used obscenities and often referred to the judge as "Julie."

A legal team of seven lawyers announced Sunday it was preparing briefs to appeal the contempt sentences. The American Civil Liberties Union criticized the judge's action and said it would play a "very substantial role" in expected appeals.

An ACLU statement issued in New York said, in part, "We find particularly reprehensible the practice of accumulating numerous short sentences imposed after trial and long after the alleged acts or contempt have occurred, as a means of denying a jury trial and other guaranteed rights normally provided in criminal procedures."

A coalition of antiwar groups planned a march in New York City today to protest the contempt sentences. Supporters of the defendants demonstrated Sunday outside the Federal Building in Chicago.

Police search Judge Hoffman's Near North Side apartment late Sunday night after receiving a tip from an unidentified man who said he had overheard persons planning to place a bomb in Hoffman's home. No bomb was found.

The judge took 10 hours Saturday and Sunday to read the specifications of contempt against the nine men.

To Hayden, who criticized the American system, the judge

## Jet Sinks in Sea, 102 Believed Dead

SANTO DOMINGO, Dominican Republic (AP)—No survivors had been found early today from a Dominican airliner which crashed in the Caribbean with 102 persons aboard, rescue officials reported.

The passengers included seven U.S. citizens and 45 Puerto Ricans, officials of the airline said.

At least 200 bodies have been recovered after an all night search over a 50-mile area. Among those identified was a former world lightweight boxing champion Carlos "Teo" Cruz, his wife and four-year-old son.

The Dominican Airlines twin-jet DC9 crashed into the Caribbean about five miles off the south coast of the island of Hispaniola a few minutes after taking off for San Juan, Puerto Rico, Sunday afternoon.

The pilot had radioed that his engines were falling.

The airline said the U.S. citizens aboard, other than the Puerto Ricans, were John Payne, Chicago; Theodore Payne, Salt Lake City; Ruth Atosto, New York City; Gilbert Hays, Florida; Francis Robert Downes of Massachusetts, who lived in the Dominican Republic at Las Matas de Farfan; and two Cubans who were naturalized U.S. citizens, Emerico Perez Acevedo and Concepcion Nanson.

Also aboard were 45 Dominicans, one Spaniard, two Peruvians, an Argentinean and a Belgian priest who lived in the Dominican Republic.

Francis Robert Downes was identified as a Roman Catholic priest.

Also aboard was the Argentine television producer, Hector Garcia Vila, who had been living in Santo Domingo. He was producer of the program "Sunday Show," one of the most popular here.

Puerto Rican model Migdalia Lopez also was identified as one of the victims.

The model was well known to television viewers for her role in the weekly show "Strangers in the Night," a dating-game type production.

Migdalia was married to WAPA executive Eddy Diaz.

Wreckage was spotted about five miles offshore, and Dominican air and naval units searched for survivors through the night. An American search plane from Puerto Rico dropped flares over the area.

Among those reported aboard was a former world lightweight boxing champion, Carlos "Teo" Cruz, his wife and two children.

Also aboard were the wife, daughter and sister of Gen. Antonio Imbert Barrera, who assassinated Dominican dictator Rafael Trujillo in 1961 and headed a ruling junta after the overthrow of President Juan Bosch. His daughter, Leslie, was going to San Juan to buy her wedding dress. She was engaged to the son of the Italian consul.

Cruz, 32, has been training for a fight next month with Roger Zami in Paris and was to have left for France Wednesday. Cruz lost the lightweight title to Mando Ramos of Los Angeles last year.

President Joaquin Balaguer proclaimed two days of national mourning and expressed his personal sorrow at the tragedy.

Airline officials said the \$5 million jetliner had been in

## 14 Missing In Blaze In Brockton

BROCKTON, Mass. (AP)—Fire swept a four-story wooden apartment building early today. Firemen recovered one body from the wreckage and were searching for 14 persons reported missing.

Earlier, police reported as many as 22 residents of the building missing.

"There are bodies in there; there must be," said Fire Chief Edward Burrell.

Six persons were taken to a hospital. Four were treated for smoke inhalation and two who had jumped from apartments were treated for minor fractures.

The front section of the wooden building collapsed to the street during the height of the blaze. The fire started shortly after midnight and spread so quickly that flames broke through the roof as the first fire engine arrived.

Apartment manager William Loring said at least 75 persons were in the building when the fire broke out.

Police who went into the building in the downtown section to awaken residents, described the flames as "coming through the walls."

Rescuers later had to use cranes to pick the wreckage apart before they could enter to search for possible victims.

Meanwhile in East Orange, N.J., four children burned to death and six other persons were injured today when fire swept through a 2½ story frame duplex here.

The dead, all children of Lucille E. Curry, were Lillian, 8, James, 6, Debbie, 7, and Jackie, 2.

Injured were Mrs. Curry and four of her five other children. All suffered burns and were listed in guarded condition at East Orange General Hospital.

Fireman Robert Racicot, 40, was treated at the hospital for neck burns.

The fire broke out in the second floor near the kitchen, firemen said. Cause of the fire was not immediately known.

Mrs. Curry and the children who survived made their escape through a back window. The dead children were found near the windows on the second floor.

A third tragedy struck in Rome, Italy, where a massive avalanche of snow roared down 6,000-foot Mt. Pratello today and wiped out a ski run, killing two persons and injuring six. One more was feared buried.

The avalanche struck as winter belatedly hit Italy with the worst storms of the year. Rome had an unusual snowfall. Half a dozen Appennine towns were snowbound.

The avalanche which swept

(See Page Two)

## Riot Trial at a Glance

By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Here in brief are facts on the Chicago trial of seven men charged with conspiring to incite rioting at the time of the 1968 Democratic National Convention.

Jury begins third day of deliberations Monday.

CONTEMPT—All seven defendants and their two defense attorneys cited for contempt of court, sentenced to terms ranging from 2½ months to four years. Defendants are jailed, lawyers permitted to remain free until May.

APPEALS—Seven lawyers and law professors say they will work together to appeal contempt sentences.

PROTESTS—Supporters of defendants demonstrated Sunday outside Federal Building in Chicago. Coalition of antiwar groups plans Monday afternoon protest march in New York.

American Civil Liberties Union in New York deplored contempt sentences, accuses Judge Julius J. Hoffman of an "extraordinary and unconstitutional" misuse of power.

Here are brief sketches of the judge presiding at the riot conspiracy trial and the two defense lawyers he sentenced to prison for contempt:

Judge Julius J. Hoffman, 74, is a sharp-tongued disciplinarian who has been a lawyer

(See Page Twenty-Three)

(See Page Eight)

(See Page Two)

(See Page Two)



## Value of Vigilance Verified

Poised to pounce on our proud patriots are some "enemy" (out of town) storeowners. From behind their bush the pilfering polecats are waiting to ambush the stage, but the ever-alert guards have suspected trouble to come from everywhere—from

every bush and tree branch, from the front or from the rear. Will the plunderers pillage the precious parcels of holiday pearls? Can our powerful party make it back in time for the Washington's Birthday Sales? (Herald photo by Bucelvicus)

(See Page Fourteen)



Manchest... Hospital Notes... THE WAY I HEARD IT by John Gruber

14 Missing In Blaze In Brockton (Continued from Page One) ... Two were dug out dead and six were seriously injured...

MOVIE RATINGS FOR PARENTS AND YOUNG PEOPLE... SHEINWOLD ON BRIDGE... CONSIDER BIDDING BEFORE YOU FRESHEN

Today's 'Turned-On' Youth Seeking Spiritual Meaning... EDITOR'S NOTE—Evangalists and seekers of the 'new' in religion...

Convictions in Obscenity Have Dirty Dealers Scared... WASHINGTON (AP)—Bumt crackdowns is helping dry a sellers are running scared...

RAM Guest... Stanley Steiner of 72 Fleming Rd., grand priest of Royal Arch Masons in Connecticut...

About Town... The annual desert-fashion show sponsored by the Greater Manchester Chamber of Commerce...

BINGO EXTRA CASH PRIZES ORANGE HALL EVERY TUESDAY

Manchest... Hospital Notes... THE WAY I HEARD IT by John Gruber

14 Missing In Blaze In Brockton (Continued from Page One) ... A second huge snowdrift rescued the high up on the mountain and melted down a camp where 30 Rome youths had been sleeping...

MOVIE RATINGS FOR PARENTS AND YOUNG PEOPLE... SHEINWOLD ON BRIDGE... CONSIDER BIDDING BEFORE YOU FRESHEN

Today's 'Turned-On' Youth Seeking Spiritual Meaning... EDITOR'S NOTE—Evangalists and seekers of the 'new' in religion...

Convictions in Obscenity Have Dirty Dealers Scared... WASHINGTON (AP)—Bumt crackdowns is helping dry a sellers are running scared...

RAM Guest... Stanley Steiner of 72 Fleming Rd., grand priest of Royal Arch Masons in Connecticut...

About Town... The annual desert-fashion show sponsored by the Greater Manchester Chamber of Commerce...

Chevrolet Owners NEED REPAIRS... SEE US FOR KENDALL OIL PRODUCTS

Manchest... Hospital Notes... THE WAY I HEARD IT by John Gruber

14 Missing In Blaze In Brockton (Continued from Page One) ... A second huge snowdrift rescued the high up on the mountain and melted down a camp where 30 Rome youths had been sleeping...

MOVIE RATINGS FOR PARENTS AND YOUNG PEOPLE... SHEINWOLD ON BRIDGE... CONSIDER BIDDING BEFORE YOU FRESHEN

Today's 'Turned-On' Youth Seeking Spiritual Meaning... EDITOR'S NOTE—Evangalists and seekers of the 'new' in religion...

Convictions in Obscenity Have Dirty Dealers Scared... WASHINGTON (AP)—Bumt crackdowns is helping dry a sellers are running scared...

RAM Guest... Stanley Steiner of 72 Fleming Rd., grand priest of Royal Arch Masons in Connecticut...

About Town... The annual desert-fashion show sponsored by the Greater Manchester Chamber of Commerce...

GRAND OPENING GET ACQUAINTED SPECIAL 4 SHIRTS \$1.00

Manchest... Hospital Notes... THE WAY I HEARD IT by John Gruber

14 Missing In Blaze In Brockton (Continued from Page One) ... A second huge snowdrift rescued the high up on the mountain and melted down a camp where 30 Rome youths had been sleeping...

MOVIE RATINGS FOR PARENTS AND YOUNG PEOPLE... SHEINWOLD ON BRIDGE... CONSIDER BIDDING BEFORE YOU FRESHEN

Today's 'Turned-On' Youth Seeking Spiritual Meaning... EDITOR'S NOTE—Evangalists and seekers of the 'new' in religion...

Convictions in Obscenity Have Dirty Dealers Scared... WASHINGTON (AP)—Bumt crackdowns is helping dry a sellers are running scared...

RAM Guest... Stanley Steiner of 72 Fleming Rd., grand priest of Royal Arch Masons in Connecticut...

About Town... The annual desert-fashion show sponsored by the Greater Manchester Chamber of Commerce...

Ladies' Suits 1.25, Plain Dresses 1.25, Skirts .49, Sport Jackets .69, Sweaters .49, Car Coats 1.25, Winter Coats 1.59, Rain Coats 1.25, Top Coats 1.25, Gar Coats 1.25, Rain Coats .49

Manchest... Hospital Notes... THE WAY I HEARD IT by John Gruber

14 Missing In Blaze In Brockton (Continued from Page One) ... A second huge snowdrift rescued the high up on the mountain and melted down a camp where 30 Rome youths had been sleeping...

MOVIE RATINGS FOR PARENTS AND YOUNG PEOPLE... SHEINWOLD ON BRIDGE... CONSIDER BIDDING BEFORE YOU FRESHEN

Today's 'Turned-On' Youth Seeking Spiritual Meaning... EDITOR'S NOTE—Evangalists and seekers of the 'new' in religion...

Convictions in Obscenity Have Dirty Dealers Scared... WASHINGTON (AP)—Bumt crackdowns is helping dry a sellers are running scared...

RAM Guest... Stanley Steiner of 72 Fleming Rd., grand priest of Royal Arch Masons in Connecticut...

About Town... The annual desert-fashion show sponsored by the Greater Manchester Chamber of Commerce...

WANTED Clean, Late Model USED CARS Top Prices Paid For All Makes! CARTER CHEVROLET CO., INC.

Manchest... Hospital Notes... THE WAY I HEARD IT by John Gruber

14 Missing In Blaze In Brockton (Continued from Page One) ... A second huge snowdrift rescued the high up on the mountain and melted down a camp where 30 Rome youths had been sleeping...

MOVIE RATINGS FOR PARENTS AND YOUNG PEOPLE... SHEINWOLD ON BRIDGE... CONSIDER BIDDING BEFORE YOU FRESHEN

Today's 'Turned-On' Youth Seeking Spiritual Meaning... EDITOR'S NOTE—Evangalists and seekers of the 'new' in religion...

Convictions in Obscenity Have Dirty Dealers Scared... WASHINGTON (AP)—Bumt crackdowns is helping dry a sellers are running scared...

RAM Guest... Stanley Steiner of 72 Fleming Rd., grand priest of Royal Arch Masons in Connecticut...

About Town... The annual desert-fashion show sponsored by the Greater Manchester Chamber of Commerce...

Keith's Complete Home Furnishings Since 1891! Ex-Addict Chosen to Run Drug Advisory Center Here

LIGGETT DRUG PARCADE OPEN 7:45 A.M. TO 10 P.M.

Mediator To Help Resolve Air Traffic Control Threat

JOHN AND MARY... THE MOST EXPLOSIVE SPY SCANDAL OF THIS CENTURY!

ALFRED HITCHCOCKS TOPAZ A UNIVERSAL PICTURE TECHNICOLOR

Condition Good for Driver Trapped in Crashed Auto

THE W.H. ENGLAND Lumber COMPANY HARDWARE DIVISION

Keith Furniture SOFA or 2 CHAIRS \$99

Burr Shopping Plaza NEXT TO CALDOR 647-1603



Mainville-Borello



MRS. GREGORY CHARLES MAINVILLE

Miss Sharon Margaret Borello and Gregory Charles Mainville, both of Manchester, were united in marriage Saturday morning...

The Rev. Vincent J. Flynn of St. James Church performed the double-ring ceremony...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

Miss Diana Sobkowiak of Manchester, cousin of the bride, was maid of honor...

Miss Patricia Sobkowiak of Manchester, cousin of the bride, and Miss Sandra Chapman and Miss Patricia Hishaway, both of Manchester...

Miss Madeline of Manchester served as best man, Ushers were Edward Mainville and David Mainville, both of Manchester...

A reception for 150 was held at the Bolton Lake Hotel. For a number of years, Mrs. Mainville has been employed as a secretary...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

Dayton-Gingras



MRS. ROBERT MILO DAYTON

Miss Virginia Ann Fox of Manchester became the bride of Robert Milo Dayton...

The Rev. Ernest Coppa of the Church of the Assumption performed the double-ring ceremony...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, Arthur Ferron of 13 Constance D. She wore a full-length gown of ivory...

Miss Paula Jean Romano of Manchester was maid of honor. Bridesmaids were Miss Deborah Taggart and Miss Donna Della Fera...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

Posniak-Fox



MRS. EDWIN MARK POSNIAK

Miss Virginia Ann Fox of Manchester became the bride of Edwin Mark Posniak...

The Rev. Ernest Coppa of the Church of the Assumption performed the double-ring ceremony...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, Arthur Ferron of 13 Constance D. She wore a full-length gown of ivory...

Miss Paula Jean Romano of Manchester was maid of honor. Bridesmaids were Miss Deborah Taggart and Miss Donna Della Fera...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

Andover Special Town Meeting Appropriates \$11,800

A specially attended special town meeting Saturday night passed all items on the agenda. Appropriations totaling \$11,800 were approved.

A request for approval of a \$7,000 appropriation for the removal and siding was passed after Percy Cook, first selectman, noted that due to the hard winter, funds allocated for this purpose have already been depleted.

Regarding a request for approval of a \$1,800 appropriation for low garage completion, Percy Cook explained the money is needed for a new 400 amp electrical service.

Some of the questions to be answered during the meeting will be: "What are psychological tests and why are they given in the schools?"

It has been announced that the Junior Troop, 507 and 527, convening with Wednesday's meeting, will be held at 8 p.m. in the elementary school.

Chaplain Talks

The Rev. Talliferro (Tolly), Williamson Jr., chaplain at Manchester Memorial Hospital, will speak on the clerical care of hospital patients tomorrow night at a meeting of the Women's Society of Community Health.

The Rev. Williamson, an ordained Baptist minister, came to Manchester Memorial Hospital in August, 1967. His duties include specialized pastoral care to patients who are from out of town or who have no pastor, as well as conducting a weekly Sunday morning service.

It has been announced that the Junior Troop, 507 and 527, convening with Wednesday's meeting, will be held at 8 p.m. in the elementary school.

It has been announced that the Junior Troop, 507 and 527, convening with Wednesday's meeting, will be held at 8 p.m. in the elementary school.

It has been announced that the Junior Troop, 507 and 527, convening with Wednesday's meeting, will be held at 8 p.m. in the elementary school.

It has been announced that the Junior Troop, 507 and 527, convening with Wednesday's meeting, will be held at 8 p.m. in the elementary school.

It has been announced that the Junior Troop, 507 and 527, convening with Wednesday's meeting, will be held at 8 p.m. in the elementary school.

It has been announced that the Junior Troop, 507 and 527, convening with Wednesday's meeting, will be held at 8 p.m. in the elementary school.

It has been announced that the Junior Troop, 507 and 527, convening with Wednesday's meeting, will be held at 8 p.m. in the elementary school.

It has been announced that the Junior Troop, 507 and 527, convening with Wednesday's meeting, will be held at 8 p.m. in the elementary school.

Col. Ingold Named Acting Draft Chief

WASHINGTON (AP) — The White House announced today that Army Col. Lee Ingold, 68, now assistant to the director, will be acting chief of the Selective Service System temporarily in place of the retiring director, Gen. Lewis G. Hershey.

Ingold will serve until a new director is named, Presidential Press secretary Ronald L. Ziegler said.

Hershey stepped down from the post today after 28 years in office. President Nixon has been searching in vain for four months for a replacement for the 76-year-old general.

Ingold will serve until a new director is named, Presidential Press secretary Ronald L. Ziegler said.

Hershey stepped down from the post today after 28 years in office. President Nixon has been searching in vain for four months for a replacement for the 76-year-old general.

Ingold will serve until a new director is named, Presidential Press secretary Ronald L. Ziegler said.

Hershey stepped down from the post today after 28 years in office. President Nixon has been searching in vain for four months for a replacement for the 76-year-old general.

Ingold will serve until a new director is named, Presidential Press secretary Ronald L. Ziegler said.

Hershey stepped down from the post today after 28 years in office. President Nixon has been searching in vain for four months for a replacement for the 76-year-old general.

Ingold will serve until a new director is named, Presidential Press secretary Ronald L. Ziegler said.

Hershey stepped down from the post today after 28 years in office. President Nixon has been searching in vain for four months for a replacement for the 76-year-old general.

cloth remnants

once again those 1/2 to 3/4 yard sizes — ideal for play clothes, doll clothes, aprons, mending — just about anything...

values to \$1.29 yd. per piece 29¢ 2 for 49¢ how can you go wrong?

open Thursday and Friday nights till 9

find it at the miracle of main street in downtown Manchester

WE MAINTAIN OUR LOWEST PRICES on PRESCRIPTIONS

Day In... Day Out... resulting in meaningful savings to you every day!

YOU GET OUR LOWEST PRICES EVERY DAY OF THE YEAR... AND YOU SAVE MORE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR... ON ALL YOUR PRESCRIPTION NEEDS.

TRY US AND SEE

iggett DRUG STORE AT THE PARKADE — WEST MIDDLE TPKE.

Starting Tomorrow 5 DAYS ONLY February 17-18-19-20 and 21st

Sears An 8 x 10 Portrait of Your Child in Living COLOR

McCavanagh-Warren



MRS. JOSEPH JAMES McCAVANAGH

Miss Gail Ann Warren and Joseph James McCavanagh, both of Manchester, exchanged vows Saturday morning at St. Bridget Church.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Warren of 113 Homestead St. The bridegroom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Magrel of 50 Homestead St.

The Rev. Kenneth J. Frisbie of St. Bridget Church performed the double-ring ceremony. Mrs. Raymond Murphy was organist and soloist. Bouquets of gladioli were on the altar.

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

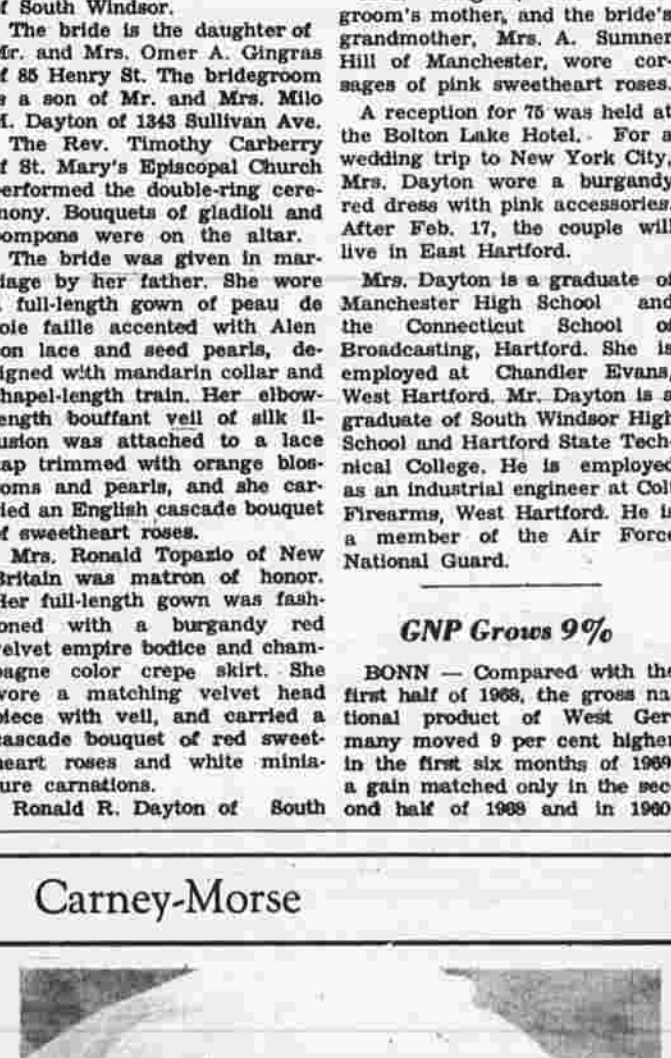
The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

Carney-Morse



MRS. DANIEL LEO CARNEY

The marriage of Miss Patricia Anne Morse of Manchester to Daniel Leo Carney of Sag Harbor, L.I., N.Y., was solemnized Saturday morning at St. Bridget Church.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert B. Morse of 43 Ashland St. The bridegroom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence V. Carney of Sag Harbor.

The Rev. Harry McBrien of St. Bridget Church performed the double-ring ceremony and the double-ring ceremony was celebrated at the nuptial breakfast.

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

McCann-Juras



MRS. GEORGE McCANN JR.

Miss Catherine Juras and George McCann Jr., both of Manchester, were wed Saturday morning at St. James Church.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Marcel Juras of 200 West Oak St. The bridegroom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. George McCann of 72 Birch St.

The Rev. Timothy Carberry of St. Mary's Episcopal Church performed the double-ring ceremony. Bouquets of gladioli and pompones were on the altar.

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

The bride was given in marriage by her father, she wore a full-length gown of velvet accented with Venise lace...

READING CLASSES: Speed Reading Techniques, Comprehension, Vocabulary Development, etc.

ENGAGED: The engagement of Miss Melba... The wedding is planned for May 11...

BINGO TONIGHT - 7:45 ELKS HOME BISSELL STREET. IF IT'S FORMAL WE RENT IT... ALL FORMAL WEAR IN STOCK AT ALL TIMES!

New Way Found To Stop Hair Loss, Grow More Hair. HOUSTON, Texas — If you don't suffer from male pattern baldness, you can now stop your hair loss...

Singer zig-zag sewing machine in convenient carrying case. Only \$200. Sew buttonholes, button, over edge, mend, darn, and monogram — all without special attachments.

Sears Starting Tomorrow 5 DAYS ONLY February 17-18-19-20 and 21st. An 8 x 10 Portrait of Your Child in Living COLOR. This is a genuine full color film process — not to be confused with oil tinting.



### Debaters In Brazil Up the Wall

By CLAUDE E. REBBIEN  
Associated Press Writer  
RIO DE JANEIRO (AP) — The lowly paintbrush has yielded to a new more sophisticated weapon in the battle of the graffiti: the spray can.

Now the young rebel intent on screwing his opinion on walls and fences can reach his target unobtrusively without the need for such cumbersome equipment as paint cans and brushes.

And the chances of getting stuck with lullable paint splashes on hands and clothes are also sharply reduced.

The result has been more slogans on more walls more neatly applied.

In fact, the walls of Brazil have become one huge debating platform, as opponents and supporters of the government sound off in black and red paint, with an occasional contribution in white.

Queen Elizabeth II of Great Britain is one of those who have marveled at the quantity and variety of slogans sprayed on the walls of private and public buildings throughout the nation.

While driving in open cars through Rio de Janeiro and Salvador on a state visit last year, she was seen to point out the slogans to her companions.

Although most of the slogans attack the government, some stick up for it and attack anti-government leaders.

"Death to Vladimir!" says one sign in a Rio residential area in a reference to Vladimir Palmeira, exiled leader of the anti-government student movement.

"Freedom for Vladimir!" another sign cautions to resist any attempt to bring in the presence of less luckier chums who would feel left out.

By far the most common sign are "Down with the Dictatorship," and "More schools, less barracks," both of which refer to Brazil's military-dominated government.

When police killed a student last year hundreds of walls were decorated with the slogan "bullets don't kill hunger."

And when the International Monetary Fund met here in 1967, opponents of its conservative economic policies came up with the slogan "IMF equals hunger," scrawled on buildings throughout the city.

And the sloganers don't hesitate to capitalize on each other's work.

When leftists began writing "Che" on walls in tribute to the late Argentine Cuban leader Ernesto "Che" Guevara, others turned the sign into "Che greve," Portuguese for "enough strikes," a reference to the anti-government student strikes.

Despite heavy repression against demonstrators, little is being done to cover up the slogans.

### Maxine Cheshire's Washington Whirl

By MAXINE CHESHIRE  
The Washington Post  
The Kennedys and their friends, who have led somewhat subdued social lives the last year or so, will swing back onto the scene in New York this Friday celebration for Sen. Edward Kennedy to be just as much like the old days as they can manage.

The occasion is a joint birthday celebration for Sen. Edward Kennedy and his sister, Mrs. Stephen Smith.

He was born on George Washington's birthday, Feb. 22, 1928. She was born on Feb. 20, 1929.

Another sister, Pat Lawford, has sent out telegrams asking an ever-growing number of Kennedy insiders to join her and the rest of the clan at The Ginger Man, a picturesque pub on West 64th Street near the Lincoln Center.

The Ginger Man is a favorite regular customer, Jackie O'Neil is supplying the bar and a buffet set-up in the front room, which is decorated in Victoriana, with curlicued brass wood chairs and ornate brass overhead fans with wood-wood blades, which decorators try to think no bar or chic eatery should be without.

Pat Lawford is trying something new from Florida to do special floral arrangements.

There will be no band.

Instead, O'Neil will be bringing "someone from Rafie or one of the clubs to play records.

Former FBI agent Bill Barry, who was RPK's personal bodyguard, is being handled most arrangements with the staidhood O'Neil.

Washington VIP's who don't already know should be cautioned that the telephone service here in the nation's capital is getting an unprecedented state that in New York City.

A male reporter for one of the country's top magazines was astonished when he was invited to the earliest batch of invitations U.S. Treasury Secretary and Gladys O'Donnell, president of the National Federation of Republican Women.

Unaware that they had an unintentional eavesdropper, the two ladies were having what he describes as "a very, very candid" conversation about high-ranking officials of the GOP.

Mrs. Onassis was invited to this party, but whether or not she plans to make a public appearance so soon after the purloined letters publicity is something no one can say with certainty at the moment.

The party started out with only 50 guests. Those who got the earliest batch of invitations were cautioned to resist any temptation to brag in the presence of less luckier chums who would feel left out.

Then, predictably, arrangements had to be enlarged. Now the affair will host 120 and the restaurant is being urged to try and accommodate as many as 140 or even more.

The GINGER MAN's owner, actor Patrick O'Neil, isn't sure he can oblige. The place isn't that big. Even with 120, people will be eating standing up.

There are not enough tables and no floor space to add more.

The Kennedys have now taken over the entire premises, originally they had planned only to use the cooler back room.

But Sam Houston's fan mail, originally they had planned on feminine mash notes very soon.

But Sam Houston's fan mail, originally they had planned on feminine mash notes very soon.

But Sam Houston's fan mail, originally they had planned on feminine mash notes very soon.

# BIRTHDAY SALE

FEBRUARY

FEBRUARY

TURNPIKE TV—BORN FEB. 1961

## TAKE ADVANTAGE—YEARS LOWEST PRICES—THRU FEB. 28

### ZENITH

COLOR OR BLACK & WHITE

FLETCHEER GLASS CO. OF MANCHESTER  
54 MCKEE STREET  
649-4521  
Now is the time to bring in your screens to be repaired. Storm window glass replaced.

AUTO GLASS INSTALLED  
GLASS FURNITURE TOPS  
MIRRORS (Fireplace and Door)  
PICTURE FRAMING (all types)  
WINDOW AND PLATE GLASS  
Tub Enclosure from \$30 to \$45 plus installation

### Westinghouse HEAVY DUTY WASHERS

Dolux UNDER COUNTER DISHWASHER  
Sale \$188.00

18-Lb. AUTOMATIC WASHER  
Sale \$188.00

Side by Side FROST-FREE REFRIGERATOR  
Sale \$388.00

Automatic Defrost REFRIGERATOR  
Sale \$143.00

100 Watt Spanish Oak STEREO-COLOR  
Sale \$788.00

All Console STEREO  
18% to 26% off

Hardwood 23" Console COLOR TV  
Sale \$398.00

Deluxe Hardwood 23" Automatic FINE TUNING COLOR TV  
Sale \$488.00

Deluxe PORTABLE DISHWASHER  
Sale \$168.00

Double Oven 30 Inch SELF CLEANING RANGE  
Sale \$428.00

19 Inch Portable TV & STAND  
Sale \$127.00

Save Up To 26% PRE-SEASON AIR CONDITIONER  
Sale

### Curtis Mathes NORGE

WORLD'S LARGEST COLOR PICTURE 29 1/2 SQUARE INCHES

FULLY AUTOMATIC COLOR

15" Color PORTABLE  
Model 52M504  
The Continental: Beautifully styled portable with carrying handle and dipole antenna.

PHILCO Ford REFRIGERATORS

18 Lb. GAS OR ELECTRIC DRYERS

### RCA

COLOR TV OR BLACK & WHITE

New screen size in value priced RCA Portable TV RCA brings you a generous-sized picture in an ultra-compact portable.

### PHILCO Ford

REFRIGERATORS

ROOM AIR CONDITIONERS

### PHILCO Ford

KITCHENAID DISHWASHERS

20 years of good old-fashioned quality

KITCHENAID Food Waste Disposers  
Built better to grind finer, faster, quieter, and last longer.  
Put one in when you're installing your dishwasher and save on installation cost.

### KITCHENAID

20 years of good old-fashioned quality

### RCA

COLOR TV OR BLACK & WHITE

New screen size in value priced RCA Portable TV RCA brings you a generous-sized picture in an ultra-compact portable.

### PHILCO Ford

REFRIGERATORS

ROOM AIR CONDITIONERS

### PHILCO Ford

REFRIGERATORS

ROOM AIR CONDITIONERS

HAPPY BIRTHDAY HOURS  
Daily till 6  
Wed., Thurs., Fri. till 9

### Turnpike

TELEVISION APPLIANCE  
NEXT TO STOP and SHOP

### 5 YEARS SERVICE

PROTECTION CONTRACT  
TV STEREO

### Turnpike

TELEVISION APPLIANCE  
NEXT TO STOP and SHOP

### BIRTHDAY TERMS

Budget to 36 Months  
SAVINGS BANK OF MANCHESTER  
No Money Down

By CLAUDE E. REBBIEN  
Associated Press Writer  
RIO DE JANEIRO (AP) — The lowly paintbrush has yielded to a new more sophisticated weapon in the battle of the graffiti: the spray can.

Now the young rebel intent on screwing his opinion on walls and fences can reach his target unobtrusively without the need for such cumbersome equipment as paint cans and brushes.

And the chances of getting stuck with lullable paint splashes on hands and clothes are also sharply reduced.

The result has been more slogans on more walls more neatly applied.

In fact, the walls of Brazil have become one huge debating platform, as opponents and supporters of the government sound off in black and red paint, with an occasional contribution in white.

Queen Elizabeth II of Great Britain is one of those who have marveled at the quantity and variety of slogans sprayed on the walls of private and public buildings throughout the nation.

While driving in open cars through Rio de Janeiro and Salvador on a state visit last year, she was seen to point out the slogans to her companions.

Although most of the slogans attack the government, some stick up for it and attack anti-government leaders.

"Death to Vladimir!" says one sign in a Rio residential area in a reference to Vladimir Palmeira, exiled leader of the anti-government student movement.

"Freedom for Vladimir!" another sign cautions to resist any attempt to bring in the presence of less luckier chums who would feel left out.

By far the most common sign are "Down with the Dictatorship," and "More schools, less barracks," both of which refer to Brazil's military-dominated government.

When police killed a student last year hundreds of walls were decorated with the slogan "bullets don't kill hunger."

And when the International Monetary Fund met here in 1967, opponents of its conservative economic policies came up with the slogan "IMF equals hunger," scrawled on buildings throughout the city.

And the sloganers don't hesitate to capitalize on each other's work.

When leftists began writing "Che" on walls in tribute to the late Argentine Cuban leader Ernesto "Che" Guevara, others turned the sign into "Che greve," Portuguese for "enough strikes," a reference to the anti-government student strikes.

Despite heavy repression against demonstrators, little is being done to cover up the slogans.

By MAXINE CHESHIRE  
The Washington Post  
The Kennedys and their friends, who have led somewhat subdued social lives the last year or so, will swing back onto the scene in New York this Friday celebration for Sen. Edward Kennedy to be just as much like the old days as they can manage.

The occasion is a joint birthday celebration for Sen. Edward Kennedy and his sister, Mrs. Stephen Smith.

He was born on George Washington's birthday, Feb. 22, 1928. She was born on Feb. 20, 1929.

Another sister, Pat Lawford, has sent out telegrams asking an ever-growing number of Kennedy insiders to join her and the rest of the clan at The Ginger Man, a picturesque pub on West 64th Street near the Lincoln Center.

The Ginger Man is a favorite regular customer, Jackie O'Neil is supplying the bar and a buffet set-up in the front room, which is decorated in Victoriana, with curlicued brass wood chairs and ornate brass overhead fans with wood-wood blades, which decorators try to think no bar or chic eatery should be without.

Pat Lawford is trying something new from Florida to do special floral arrangements.

There will be no band.

Instead, O'Neil will be bringing "someone from Rafie or one of the clubs to play records.

Former FBI agent Bill Barry, who was RPK's personal bodyguard, is being handled most arrangements with the staidhood O'Neil.

Washington VIP's who don't already know should be cautioned that the telephone service here in the nation's capital is getting an unprecedented state that in New York City.

A male reporter for one of the country's top magazines was astonished when he was invited to the earliest batch of invitations U.S. Treasury Secretary and Gladys O'Donnell, president of the National Federation of Republican Women.

Unaware that they had an unintentional eavesdropper, the two ladies were having what he describes as "a very, very candid" conversation about high-ranking officials of the GOP.

Mrs. Onassis was invited to this party, but whether or not she plans to make a public appearance so soon after the purloined letters publicity is something no one can say with certainty at the moment.

The party started out with only 50 guests. Those who got the earliest batch of invitations were cautioned to resist any temptation to brag in the presence of less luckier chums who would feel left out.

Then, predictably, arrangements had to be enlarged. Now the affair will host 120 and the restaurant is being urged to try and accommodate as many as 140 or even more.

The GINGER MAN's owner, actor Patrick O'Neil, isn't sure he can oblige. The place isn't that big. Even with 120, people will be eating standing up.

There are not enough tables and no floor space to add more.

The Kennedys have now taken over the entire premises, originally they had planned only to use the cooler back room.

But Sam Houston's fan mail, originally they had planned on feminine mash notes very soon.

But Sam Houston's fan mail, originally they had planned on feminine mash notes very soon.

But Sam Houston's fan mail, originally they had planned on feminine mash notes very soon.

By CLAUDE E. REBBIEN  
Associated Press Writer  
RIO DE JANEIRO (AP) — The lowly paintbrush has yielded to a new more sophisticated weapon in the battle of the graffiti: the spray can.

Now the young rebel intent on screwing his opinion on walls and fences can reach his target unobtrusively without the need for such cumbersome equipment as paint cans and brushes.

And the chances of getting stuck with lullable paint splashes on hands and clothes are also sharply reduced.

The result has been more slogans on more walls more neatly applied.

In fact, the walls of Brazil have become one huge debating platform, as opponents and supporters of the government sound off in black and red paint, with an occasional contribution in white.

Queen Elizabeth II of Great Britain is one of those who have marveled at the quantity and variety of slogans sprayed on the walls of private and public buildings throughout the nation.

While driving in open cars through Rio de Janeiro and Salvador on a state visit last year, she was seen to point out the slogans to her companions.

Although most of the slogans attack the government, some stick up for it and attack anti-government leaders.

"Death to Vladimir!" says one sign in a Rio residential area in a reference to Vladimir Palmeira, exiled leader of the anti-government student movement.

"Freedom for Vladimir!" another sign cautions to resist any attempt to bring in the presence of less luckier chums who would feel left out.

By far the most common sign are "Down with the Dictatorship," and "More schools, less barracks," both of which refer to Brazil's military-dominated government.

When police killed a student last year hundreds of walls were decorated with the slogan "bullets don't kill hunger."

And when the International Monetary Fund met here in 1967, opponents of its conservative economic policies came up with the slogan "IMF equals hunger," scrawled on buildings throughout the city.

And the sloganers don't hesitate to capitalize on each other's work.

When leftists began writing "Che" on walls in tribute to the late Argentine Cuban leader Ernesto "Che" Guevara, others turned the sign into "Che greve," Portuguese for "enough strikes," a reference to the anti-government student strikes.

Despite heavy repression against demonstrators, little is being done to cover up the slogans.

By MAXINE CHESHIRE  
The Washington Post  
The Kennedys and their friends, who have led somewhat subdued social lives the last year or so, will swing back onto the scene in New York this Friday celebration for Sen. Edward Kennedy to be just as much like the old days as they can manage.

The occasion is a joint birthday celebration for Sen. Edward Kennedy and his sister, Mrs. Stephen Smith.

He was born on George Washington's birthday, Feb. 22, 1928. She was born on Feb. 20, 1929.

Another sister, Pat Lawford, has sent out telegrams asking an ever-growing number of Kennedy insiders to join her and the rest of the clan at The Ginger Man, a picturesque pub on West 64th Street near the Lincoln Center.

The Ginger Man is a favorite regular customer, Jackie O'Neil is supplying the bar and a buffet set-up in the front room, which is decorated in Victoriana, with curlicued brass wood chairs and ornate brass overhead fans with wood-wood blades, which decorators try to think no bar or chic eatery should be without.

Pat Lawford is trying something new from Florida to do special floral arrangements.

There will be no band.

Instead, O'Neil will be bringing "someone from Rafie or one of the clubs to play records.

Former FBI agent Bill Barry, who was RPK's personal bodyguard, is being handled most arrangements with the staidhood O'Neil.

Washington VIP's who don't already know should be cautioned that the telephone service here in the nation's capital is getting an unprecedented state that in New York City.

A male reporter for one of the country's top magazines was astonished when he was invited to the earliest batch of invitations U.S. Treasury Secretary and Gladys O'Donnell, president of the National Federation of Republican Women.

Unaware that they had an unintentional eavesdropper, the two ladies were having what he describes as "a very, very candid" conversation about high-ranking officials of the GOP.

Mrs. Onassis was invited to this party, but whether or not she plans to make a public appearance so soon after the purloined letters publicity is something no one can say with certainty at the moment.

The party started out with only 50 guests. Those who got the earliest batch of invitations were cautioned to resist any temptation to brag in the presence of less luckier chums who would feel left out.

Then, predictably, arrangements had to be enlarged. Now the affair will host 120 and the restaurant is being urged to try and accommodate as many as 140 or even more.

The GINGER MAN's owner, actor Patrick O'Neil, isn't sure he can oblige. The place isn't that big. Even with 120, people will be eating standing up.

There are not enough tables and no floor space to add more.

The Kennedys have now taken over the entire premises, originally they had planned only to use the cooler back room.

But Sam Houston's fan mail, originally they had planned on feminine mash notes very soon.

But Sam Houston's fan mail, originally they had planned on feminine mash notes very soon.

But Sam Houston's fan mail, originally they had planned on feminine mash notes very soon.

HAPPY BIRTHDAY HOURS  
Daily till 6  
Wed., Thurs., Fri. till 9

### Turnpike

TELEVISION APPLIANCE  
NEXT TO STOP and SHOP

### 5 YEARS SERVICE

PROTECTION CONTRACT  
TV STEREO

### Turnpike

TELEVISION APPLIANCE  
NEXT TO STOP and SHOP

### BIRTHDAY TERMS

Budget to 36 Months  
SAVINGS BANK OF MANCHESTER  
No Money Down

### Business Mirror

By JOHN CUNIFF  
AP Business Analyst  
NEW YORK (AP) — It is hard to say with whom the blame rests, but the evidence cannot be ignored: The stock market during the past year, even brokerage business is in a bad way financially, worse off than most people suspect.

In the first six months of 1969 of over 40 members of the N.Y. Stock Exchange lost money on commission business. Thirteen firms lost more than \$1 million each. And the cumulative loss totaled \$66 million.

For the first time since Oct. 31, Bache & Co. reported a profit loss of \$1 million. For the entire year of 1969 Francis duPont & Co. said its loss was \$7.7 million. Both are among the largest in the country.

With evidence such as this, the NYSE argues, brokers will be encouraged to seek out commissions more instead of lulling their solitaires to the mutual and pension funds, bank trust, endowments and life insurers.

Fully 50 per cent of dollar volume on some days is now done by institutions.

Often prices must be set, rather than arrived at by asking-bidding in the typical fashion of an auction market, which the stock exchange is.

Should this trend continue, the small investor might be forced to buy mutual funds instead of investing directly; the liquidity of the market might dry up; people's capitalism might turn into oligarchy.

A rate hike, therefore, is seen by the NYSE as the solution to several of the problems confronting the securities industry.

But many more problems remain, because for years the industry banked its profits instead of investing them in the future.

At the very time that firms must add clerical help, device more efficient systems, install electronic computers and even install lighting and air conditioning, they are being compelled also to seek more permanent financing in order to handle those big institutional orders.

It is now the awesome job of the NYSE to convince the small investor that it is, in part, who is responsible for the financial difficulties of these brokers, who just two years ago handed out huge Christmas bonuses.

It is a job for the exchange to do that the way to happier days for both him and the broker is to raise the commissions he pays for services, while reducing the fees paid by million-dollar corporations to the public in the same manner as a General Motors or an American Telephone & Telegraph price on the Big Board. The new schedule calls for a commission of 28 1/2 per cent on the price of the order, the same stock, worth \$4 million, the commission would drop from \$22,150 to \$14,700, or only 0.42 per cent of the order's value.

On a 100,000 share order that doesn't handle its affairs efficiently, that ignores his requests? Read *Adm* Feb. 16, 1968, p. 18.

Brokers house seemingly never learned from the system of the problems confronting them; they retained the unstable partnership system instead of incorporating when a partner dies they might lose 20 per cent of their capital.

Now that most of the big firms are corporations, their next move is to become public corporations to give them the same status as the public in the same manner as a General Motors or an American Telephone & Telegraph price on the Big Board. The new schedule calls for a commission of 28 1/2 per cent on the price of the order, the same stock, worth \$4 million, the commission would drop from \$22,150 to \$14,700, or only 0.42 per cent of the order's value.

On a 100,000 share order that doesn't handle its affairs efficiently, that ignores his requests? Read *Adm* Feb. 16, 1968, p. 18.

### Stamford Firm Shows It Pays Not to Commute

STAMFORD, Conn. (AP)—A commuter to New York City from this Fairfield County city will most likely make between 11 and 12 per cent less money than his locally employed neighbor, according to a survey.

Because of additional taxes and transportation costs, the average married commuter with one child who earns \$18,000 a year will keep \$1,533.44 less than he would if he worked here, according to a study by Pitney-Bowes, Inc.

After paying federal, New York State and New York City taxes on left with \$14,013.36, the business-machine firm said, a 25-cent parking fee each day, a month for a railroad ticket, and a month for a subway fare whittles his take-home pay to \$12,222.08.

The commuter's locally employed neighbor, driving about the same distance to work as the commuter does to the Stamford railroad station, would take home \$13,755.52, according to the survey.

At the \$8,000-income level, the difference between commuting to New York or working here is \$1,019.28, Pitney-Bowes said, and at \$24,000, it's \$2,222.08.

### Nationwide Antiwar Action Sets Offensive for April 15

CLEVELAND (AP) — The uneasy alliance that forged massive peace marches last week in Washington and San Francisco is joining again for a new wave of antiwar actions April 15.

The outlines for the concerted action emerged Sunday as the Student Mobilization Committee capped a "crazed weekend" conference by voting to make April 15 the highlight of its spring offensive.

The same day—the deadline for the filing of federal income tax returns—had already been chosen as an action day by both the New Mobilization Committee and the Vietnam Moratorium Committee.

All three groups worked together in building the Nov. 15 demonstrations, which attracted hundreds of "thunderous" protesters in a demand for immediate withdrawal of U.S. forces from Vietnam.

The April 15th action, instead of being directed at one or two major cities, will be nationwide with the liberalized Moratorium concentrating on taxpayer rallies "to focus on the issue of taxation and the disproportionate expenditures of the government on the war and the military in general."

The New Mobilize is also seeking to link the war with inflation and taxes in a call for massive demonstrations on the 15th.

Both groups had observers at the conference which adopted a proposal by SMC National Secretary Carol Lipman for "massive student actions and strikes in the colleges and high schools across the country" April 15.

"The campuses," wrote Miss Lipman a former national secretary of the Trotskyite Young Socialist Alliance, "YSA," "should be turned into engines of antiwar activity which would feed into massive, city-wide demonstrations later in the day."

These massive antiwar demonstrations should occur in as many cities as can mount them effectively.

Miss Lipman's proposal, which carried over the strenuous opposition from an independent radical group, remained focused on the slogan, "Bring All the GI's Home Now."

It stopped short of attacks on what the unaligned radicals call the Black Knight, a militant group which will present an archery demonstration.

The troop is conducting a used uniform drive. Anyone with a used uniform they are willing to donate may contact Mrs. Sally Condon, Old Farms Rd., Danbury, Conn. 06810.

The March pact meeting will feature the films of the Pullman, wood Derby, under the meeting

### Ladd Endorses Barnes

FARMINGTON (AP)—City councilman Roger E. Ladd, Republican town chairman of Hartford, endorsed State Sen. Wallace Barnes for governor Saturday.

Ladd said Barnes, who is from Farmington, "offers the skill, experience and political expertise necessary to bring the State of Connecticut out of the doldrums."

### Tolland Combining All Insurance Studied by Town Committee

Senior Citizens Group  
A Senior Citizens group will hold its first meeting March 2, at 1 p.m. in the United Congregational Church Religious Education Building.

Membership is open to any resident of the town 60 years or older. Those planning to attend may contact Mrs. Anna Young, who has been named temporary chairman of the new organization. Membership is open to both men and women.

Robert Etchells, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Etchells of Chicopee, Mass., has been accepted as a student at Talbot Mountain "Science Center" in Ayer for the spring semester. The classes are held Saturday mornings during which high school students work on research projects in meteorology and environment.

The Tolland Lions Club will meet tonight at 7:30 at the Italian American Friendship Club.

The Planning and Zoning Commission will meet tonight at 8 in the Town Hall.

The Board of Selectmen will meet tomorrow night at 7:30 in the Town Hall.

The Industrial Development Commission will meet tomorrow night at 8 in the Town Hall.

The March pact meeting will feature the films of the Pullman, wood Derby, under the meeting

### U.S. Pledges Okay of Germ Warfare Ban

GENEVA (AP)—The United States today pledged support for Britain's draft treaty to outlaw germ warfare.

Arriving for a new session of the 25-nation disarmament conference, chief U.S. negotiator Gerard C. Smith told newsmen that America does not have a proposal of its own, but the use of bacteriological weapons.

"We associate ourselves with the British proposal," he said in a prepared statement. "I hope that early progress can be made on an agreement to ban biological methods of warfare, along the lines proposed last year by the United Kingdom."

The British draft treaty calls for a ban on the manufacture, stockpiling and use of "bacteriological and other biological agents." Last November, President Nixon renounced the development of all germ warfare weapons and gave orders for the disposal of stockpiles.

The Chief British delegate, Lord Chalfont, arrived on an agreement to ban biological agents. Lord Chalfont said he does not plan any amendments to the British draft. The Soviet Union has denounced it on the grounds that it makes no provisions for a ban on chemical weapons.

The other main topic of the conference, which reopens Tuesday, will be the joint U.S.-Soviet draft treaty to ban nuclear weapons from the seabed. This has also attracted considerable attention from non-aligned countries at the United Nations General Assembly, and the two superpowers are expected to make revisions.



Obituary

Mrs. Minnie E. Kelley
ROCKVILLE — Mrs. Minnie E. Kelley, 88, of 60 Prospect St., formerly of Ellington, died Saturday morning at St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Hartford.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Poet of Britain's Queen Under Wraps Until Feb. 25

LONDON (AP) — One of the world's most carefully guarded secrets, the identity of Queen Elizabeth II's poet laureate, was revealed today by the poet's widow.

The second portrait is a labor of love for Amigo. His fee was \$4,000 but with the materials and the journey from London to London for the 18 separate sittings, his pay rate works out to \$100 an hour.

Amigo, who has studied the art of painting all along, said last year that he had found the queen a much more mature and self-possessed person than the girl he first met 15 years earlier.

Amigo, who has studied the art of painting all along, said last year that he had found the queen a much more mature and self-possessed person than the girl he first met 15 years earlier.

Amigo, who has studied the art of painting all along, said last year that he had found the queen a much more mature and self-possessed person than the girl he first met 15 years earlier.

Amigo, who has studied the art of painting all along, said last year that he had found the queen a much more mature and self-possessed person than the girl he first met 15 years earlier.

Amigo, who has studied the art of painting all along, said last year that he had found the queen a much more mature and self-possessed person than the girl he first met 15 years earlier.

Amigo, who has studied the art of painting all along, said last year that he had found the queen a much more mature and self-possessed person than the girl he first met 15 years earlier.

Chicago Jury U.S. Sixth Circuit Still Outguns Russia's Mediterranean Patrol

WASHINGTON (AP) — A Chicago jury today found that the U.S. Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals was wrong in its decision to allow Russia's Mediterranean Patrol to intercept ships in the Mediterranean Sea.

The jury, which heard testimony from U.S. Navy officials and Russian officials, found that the U.S. Sixth Circuit's decision was based on an incorrect interpretation of international law.

The jury's decision is a significant victory for the U.S. Navy and its allies in the Mediterranean. It allows the U.S. Navy to continue its operations in the region without interference from the Russian Patrol.

The jury's decision is a significant victory for the U.S. Navy and its allies in the Mediterranean. It allows the U.S. Navy to continue its operations in the region without interference from the Russian Patrol.

The jury's decision is a significant victory for the U.S. Navy and its allies in the Mediterranean. It allows the U.S. Navy to continue its operations in the region without interference from the Russian Patrol.

The jury's decision is a significant victory for the U.S. Navy and its allies in the Mediterranean. It allows the U.S. Navy to continue its operations in the region without interference from the Russian Patrol.

The jury's decision is a significant victory for the U.S. Navy and its allies in the Mediterranean. It allows the U.S. Navy to continue its operations in the region without interference from the Russian Patrol.

The jury's decision is a significant victory for the U.S. Navy and its allies in the Mediterranean. It allows the U.S. Navy to continue its operations in the region without interference from the Russian Patrol.

Truth of Words Conceded Ribicoff Stand on Stennis Bill Cause of Liberals' Concern

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Los Angeles Times today conceded that the Stennis bill, which would allow the U.S. Navy to intercept ships in the Mediterranean Sea, is a cause of concern for liberals.

The Times' article, titled "Truth of Words Conceded," states that the bill's supporters have been accused of using inflammatory language to gain support. However, the Times concedes that the bill's intent is to protect U.S. interests in the Mediterranean.

The Times' article also notes that the bill's supporters have been accused of using inflammatory language to gain support. However, the Times concedes that the bill's intent is to protect U.S. interests in the Mediterranean.

The Times' article also notes that the bill's supporters have been accused of using inflammatory language to gain support. However, the Times concedes that the bill's intent is to protect U.S. interests in the Mediterranean.

The Times' article also notes that the bill's supporters have been accused of using inflammatory language to gain support. However, the Times concedes that the bill's intent is to protect U.S. interests in the Mediterranean.

The Times' article also notes that the bill's supporters have been accused of using inflammatory language to gain support. However, the Times concedes that the bill's intent is to protect U.S. interests in the Mediterranean.

The Times' article also notes that the bill's supporters have been accused of using inflammatory language to gain support. However, the Times concedes that the bill's intent is to protect U.S. interests in the Mediterranean.

The Times' article also notes that the bill's supporters have been accused of using inflammatory language to gain support. However, the Times concedes that the bill's intent is to protect U.S. interests in the Mediterranean.

Census Bureau Revises Forecast for Congress

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Census Bureau today revised its forecast for the 1970 state legislature elections, predicting a narrow victory for the Democrats.

The Census Bureau's revised forecast is based on a survey of voters in 15 states. It shows that the Democrats have a slight lead over the Republicans in most states.

The Census Bureau's revised forecast is based on a survey of voters in 15 states. It shows that the Democrats have a slight lead over the Republicans in most states.

The Census Bureau's revised forecast is based on a survey of voters in 15 states. It shows that the Democrats have a slight lead over the Republicans in most states.

The Census Bureau's revised forecast is based on a survey of voters in 15 states. It shows that the Democrats have a slight lead over the Republicans in most states.

The Census Bureau's revised forecast is based on a survey of voters in 15 states. It shows that the Democrats have a slight lead over the Republicans in most states.

The Census Bureau's revised forecast is based on a survey of voters in 15 states. It shows that the Democrats have a slight lead over the Republicans in most states.

The Census Bureau's revised forecast is based on a survey of voters in 15 states. It shows that the Democrats have a slight lead over the Republicans in most states.

Tax Assessment Appealed by 64 TV-Radio Tonight

A total of 64 property owners have filed tax assessment grievances with the Manchester Board of Tax Review. The grievances were heard in three sessions last week and two of the board's decisions were appealed.

The board's decisions were appealed by 64 property owners. The appeals are being heard by the Superior Court in Manchester.

The board's decisions were appealed by 64 property owners. The appeals are being heard by the Superior Court in Manchester.

The board's decisions were appealed by 64 property owners. The appeals are being heard by the Superior Court in Manchester.

The board's decisions were appealed by 64 property owners. The appeals are being heard by the Superior Court in Manchester.

The board's decisions were appealed by 64 property owners. The appeals are being heard by the Superior Court in Manchester.

The board's decisions were appealed by 64 property owners. The appeals are being heard by the Superior Court in Manchester.

The board's decisions were appealed by 64 property owners. The appeals are being heard by the Superior Court in Manchester.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Funeral services will be tomorrow at 11 a.m. at the Burke Funeral Home, 78 Prospect St. Burial will be in St. Bernard's Cemetery.

Advertisement for DENNIS MENAGE featuring a camera and other items. Text: NOW ON WHCT WATCH DENNIS MENAGE AT 5:00PM, FOLLOWED BY LEAVE IT TO BEAVER AT 5:30. THEN AT 7:00, TUNE IN ALLEN FUNT'S CANDID CAMERA, MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY ON...



Manchester Evening Herald
PUBLISHED BY THE HERALD PRINTING CO., INC.
110 South Street, Manchester, Conn. 06105

Subscription Rates
Yearly \$10.00
Six Months \$5.00
Three Months \$2.50

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use of publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not credited to it, and also the right to syndicate all such dispatches.

The Herald Printing Company Inc. assumes no financial responsibility for typographical errors appearing in the Manchester Evening Herald.

Subscriber to Los Angeles Times-Washington Post
Full service agent of N. E. A. Service, Inc.
110 South Street, Manchester, Conn. 06105

MEMBER ADVERTISING BUREAU OF CIRCULATION
Display advertising closing hours
For Monday - 1 p.m. Friday
For Tuesday - 1 p.m. Friday
For Wednesday - 1 p.m. Friday
For Thursday - 1 p.m. Friday
For Saturday - 1 p.m. Friday
For Sunday - 1 p.m. Friday

Monday, February 16

Peace Talks Deescalated Too
Conceivably so far as actual results are concerned, it doesn't make the slightest difference, which way the Nixon administration plays the so-called peace talks at Paris.

But our image and position in the world have been better. If we had taken the positive choices open to us.

It makes a poor harmony of effort to deescalate the setting and deescalate American participation in the war in Vietnam and deescalate the peace talks too.

It would have been more consistent to deescalate the war and escalate the peace talks.

When, following the resignation of Henry Cabot Lodge as our negotiator, President Nixon made no replacement, he neglected an opportunity to challenge North Vietnam to any contest of upmanship at Paris and settled, instead, for a contest of downmanship.

Hanoi has now accepted this invitation, in full, by downgrading its own representation at the Paris talks to the diplomatic level set by President Nixon when he failed to replace Lodge.

What the world has seen, then, has been a process of President Nixon escalating the war with Hanoi following, to the point where almost all importance and hope has been stripped from the peace talks in Paris.

Perhaps they weren't worth anything anyway. Perhaps it was our version of the reason for their lack of progress which was true—namely that Hanoi consistently refused to engage in any real discussion of any kind.

But such one-sided verdicts haven't established themselves in world opinion. There has never been very convincing evidence that we ourselves ever offered, at Paris, a single thing we had any reason to expect Hanoi would consider seriously.

Sometimes, in negotiations, it is orthodox strategy to turn aside and act bored and pretend not to be interested, all in the hope of taming the other side into coming up with something new. But at Paris, both sides have played the cool, non-eager game to the negative limit. We would have been better pleased to have our side, instead of playing hard to get, prove willing to risk even prestige in order to keep pressing forward for some contact with the goal of peace.

A Risk of Helping Others
The problem of air pollution, as it continues to fasten its grip upon mankind, is going to prove an unusual test for the behavior of political and geographical groupings.

One country could make every bit of its own practice completely clean of pollution, and still suffer suffocation from the unseen practices of its neighbors.

But there is no system in sight under which all the nations of the world will submit themselves to one world anti-pollution authority.

That means each individual nation will have to undertake its own program without any real assurance that other nations are going to do likewise.

In other words, if we are going to do anything, we have to be willing to do things that will help our neighbors without having any assurance at all that

they will be doing something that will help us.

For all we know, they may merely take the fact that we have done something to reduce our own and the world peril as their excuse for not doing anything at all for a while longer.

The danger is a world wide, because there is, after all, only one world atmosphere.

But the cure, if there is to be one, has to come as sources of pollution which are located in all kinds of nations, the advanced and the backward, the conscientious and the careless, the frightened and the casual, the selfless and the selfish.

Over in Sweden, they are so concerned about pollution they are considering legislation to bar motor vehicles from all their larger cities. That will help reduce the amount of pollution they are putting into their own air.

But anything they can do in Sweden will have nothing to do with the amount of black falling across the sky over the Swedish landscape. The moisture that makes that snow packs up its pollution over the smokestacks of industrial Europe.

No one is alone in the world of pollution — except to this challenging degree: you have to do your own bit, whatever it is, without regard to what other people may be doing. You may not run the risk of helping others who have not to be helping you.

It will take the turn in spirit, if the air is ever to be made pure again.

An Important Distinction
It is true, unfortunately, that racial discrimination exists in public schools in the North as well as in the South, but it is not true, as Senator Ribicoff declared in Senate debate Monday, that "the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy" in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

The racial imbalance and disparate facilities which exist in Northern schools are not the result of calculated government policy. Rather, they are the sad and bitter fruit of an economic system which has condemned the disadvantaged to less than a fair share of the world's goods, not only in terms of educational facilities but also in terms of housing, health, employment, and standard of living.

Under all this disparity is, and morally reprehensible in the light of justice and human needs, the imbalance results, as well as the operation of an economic force, from an uncalculated policy or tradition.

Therein lies the difference between the North and South in matters of school desegregation. It is a significant distinction which must not be blurred.

It is true, unfortunately, that the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

The racial imbalance and disparate facilities which exist in Northern schools are not the result of calculated government policy. Rather, they are the sad and bitter fruit of an economic system which has condemned the disadvantaged to less than a fair share of the world's goods, not only in terms of educational facilities but also in terms of housing, health, employment, and standard of living.

Under all this disparity is, and morally reprehensible in the light of justice and human needs, the imbalance results, as well as the operation of an economic force, from an uncalculated policy or tradition.

Therein lies the difference between the North and South in matters of school desegregation. It is a significant distinction which must not be blurred.

It is true, unfortunately, that the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

The racial imbalance and disparate facilities which exist in Northern schools are not the result of calculated government policy. Rather, they are the sad and bitter fruit of an economic system which has condemned the disadvantaged to less than a fair share of the world's goods, not only in terms of educational facilities but also in terms of housing, health, employment, and standard of living.

Under all this disparity is, and morally reprehensible in the light of justice and human needs, the imbalance results, as well as the operation of an economic force, from an uncalculated policy or tradition.

Therein lies the difference between the North and South in matters of school desegregation. It is a significant distinction which must not be blurred.

It is true, unfortunately, that the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

The racial imbalance and disparate facilities which exist in Northern schools are not the result of calculated government policy. Rather, they are the sad and bitter fruit of an economic system which has condemned the disadvantaged to less than a fair share of the world's goods, not only in terms of educational facilities but also in terms of housing, health, employment, and standard of living.

Under all this disparity is, and morally reprehensible in the light of justice and human needs, the imbalance results, as well as the operation of an economic force, from an uncalculated policy or tradition.

Therein lies the difference between the North and South in matters of school desegregation. It is a significant distinction which must not be blurred.

It is true, unfortunately, that the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

The racial imbalance and disparate facilities which exist in Northern schools are not the result of calculated government policy. Rather, they are the sad and bitter fruit of an economic system which has condemned the disadvantaged to less than a fair share of the world's goods, not only in terms of educational facilities but also in terms of housing, health, employment, and standard of living.

Under all this disparity is, and morally reprehensible in the light of justice and human needs, the imbalance results, as well as the operation of an economic force, from an uncalculated policy or tradition.

Therein lies the difference between the North and South in matters of school desegregation. It is a significant distinction which must not be blurred.

It is true, unfortunately, that the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

The racial imbalance and disparate facilities which exist in Northern schools are not the result of calculated government policy. Rather, they are the sad and bitter fruit of an economic system which has condemned the disadvantaged to less than a fair share of the world's goods, not only in terms of educational facilities but also in terms of housing, health, employment, and standard of living.

Under all this disparity is, and morally reprehensible in the light of justice and human needs, the imbalance results, as well as the operation of an economic force, from an uncalculated policy or tradition.

Therein lies the difference between the North and South in matters of school desegregation. It is a significant distinction which must not be blurred.

It is true, unfortunately, that the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

The racial imbalance and disparate facilities which exist in Northern schools are not the result of calculated government policy. Rather, they are the sad and bitter fruit of an economic system which has condemned the disadvantaged to less than a fair share of the world's goods, not only in terms of educational facilities but also in terms of housing, health, employment, and standard of living.

Under all this disparity is, and morally reprehensible in the light of justice and human needs, the imbalance results, as well as the operation of an economic force, from an uncalculated policy or tradition.

Therein lies the difference between the North and South in matters of school desegregation. It is a significant distinction which must not be blurred.

It is true, unfortunately, that the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

they will be doing something that will help us.

For all we know, they may merely take the fact that we have done something to reduce our own and the world peril as their excuse for not doing anything at all for a while longer.

The danger is a world wide, because there is, after all, only one world atmosphere.

But the cure, if there is to be one, has to come as sources of pollution which are located in all kinds of nations, the advanced and the backward, the conscientious and the careless, the frightened and the casual, the selfless and the selfish.

Over in Sweden, they are so concerned about pollution they are considering legislation to bar motor vehicles from all their larger cities. That will help reduce the amount of pollution they are putting into their own air.

But anything they can do in Sweden will have nothing to do with the amount of black falling across the sky over the Swedish landscape. The moisture that makes that snow packs up its pollution over the smokestacks of industrial Europe.

No one is alone in the world of pollution — except to this challenging degree: you have to do your own bit, whatever it is, without regard to what other people may be doing. You may not run the risk of helping others who have not to be helping you.

It will take the turn in spirit, if the air is ever to be made pure again.

An Important Distinction
It is true, unfortunately, that racial discrimination exists in public schools in the North as well as in the South, but it is not true, as Senator Ribicoff declared in Senate debate Monday, that "the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy" in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

The racial imbalance and disparate facilities which exist in Northern schools are not the result of calculated government policy. Rather, they are the sad and bitter fruit of an economic system which has condemned the disadvantaged to less than a fair share of the world's goods, not only in terms of educational facilities but also in terms of housing, health, employment, and standard of living.

Under all this disparity is, and morally reprehensible in the light of justice and human needs, the imbalance results, as well as the operation of an economic force, from an uncalculated policy or tradition.

Therein lies the difference between the North and South in matters of school desegregation. It is a significant distinction which must not be blurred.

It is true, unfortunately, that the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

The racial imbalance and disparate facilities which exist in Northern schools are not the result of calculated government policy. Rather, they are the sad and bitter fruit of an economic system which has condemned the disadvantaged to less than a fair share of the world's goods, not only in terms of educational facilities but also in terms of housing, health, employment, and standard of living.

Under all this disparity is, and morally reprehensible in the light of justice and human needs, the imbalance results, as well as the operation of an economic force, from an uncalculated policy or tradition.

Therein lies the difference between the North and South in matters of school desegregation. It is a significant distinction which must not be blurred.

It is true, unfortunately, that the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

The racial imbalance and disparate facilities which exist in Northern schools are not the result of calculated government policy. Rather, they are the sad and bitter fruit of an economic system which has condemned the disadvantaged to less than a fair share of the world's goods, not only in terms of educational facilities but also in terms of housing, health, employment, and standard of living.

Under all this disparity is, and morally reprehensible in the light of justice and human needs, the imbalance results, as well as the operation of an economic force, from an uncalculated policy or tradition.

Therein lies the difference between the North and South in matters of school desegregation. It is a significant distinction which must not be blurred.

It is true, unfortunately, that the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

The racial imbalance and disparate facilities which exist in Northern schools are not the result of calculated government policy. Rather, they are the sad and bitter fruit of an economic system which has condemned the disadvantaged to less than a fair share of the world's goods, not only in terms of educational facilities but also in terms of housing, health, employment, and standard of living.

Under all this disparity is, and morally reprehensible in the light of justice and human needs, the imbalance results, as well as the operation of an economic force, from an uncalculated policy or tradition.

Therein lies the difference between the North and South in matters of school desegregation. It is a significant distinction which must not be blurred.

It is true, unfortunately, that the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

The racial imbalance and disparate facilities which exist in Northern schools are not the result of calculated government policy. Rather, they are the sad and bitter fruit of an economic system which has condemned the disadvantaged to less than a fair share of the world's goods, not only in terms of educational facilities but also in terms of housing, health, employment, and standard of living.

Under all this disparity is, and morally reprehensible in the light of justice and human needs, the imbalance results, as well as the operation of an economic force, from an uncalculated policy or tradition.

Therein lies the difference between the North and South in matters of school desegregation. It is a significant distinction which must not be blurred.

It is true, unfortunately, that the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

The racial imbalance and disparate facilities which exist in Northern schools are not the result of calculated government policy. Rather, they are the sad and bitter fruit of an economic system which has condemned the disadvantaged to less than a fair share of the world's goods, not only in terms of educational facilities but also in terms of housing, health, employment, and standard of living.

Under all this disparity is, and morally reprehensible in the light of justice and human needs, the imbalance results, as well as the operation of an economic force, from an uncalculated policy or tradition.

Therein lies the difference between the North and South in matters of school desegregation. It is a significant distinction which must not be blurred.

It is true, unfortunately, that the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."

The racial imbalance and disparate facilities which exist in Northern schools are not the result of calculated government policy. Rather, they are the sad and bitter fruit of an economic system which has condemned the disadvantaged to less than a fair share of the world's goods, not only in terms of educational facilities but also in terms of housing, health, employment, and standard of living.

Under all this disparity is, and morally reprehensible in the light of justice and human needs, the imbalance results, as well as the operation of an economic force, from an uncalculated policy or tradition.

Therein lies the difference between the North and South in matters of school desegregation. It is a significant distinction which must not be blurred.

It is true, unfortunately, that the North is guilty of monumental hypocrisy in the treatment of the black man.

Nor is it true, as the Senator maintained, that "Northern communities have been as systematic and consistent as Southern communities in denying to the black man and his children the opportunity that exists for white people."



WASH DAY
With Reginald Pinto in Portugal

Open Forum

White and black women from the PTAs have picked in a "rumor center" that puts down wild tales. (White girls in the school were accused of spreading rumors that black girls were having affairs with their teachers.)

Herbert B. House is named general chairman of the Manchester Red Cross Drive.

Atty. David Barry, state representative from Manchester, is elected chairman of the 1969 Charter Revision Commission.

Wilfred Drozdoski of McKee St. has been named president of the French Club of Manchester.

Stuart Baraw of Perkins St. becomes first Manchester resident ever to serve as an official in the Olympic Games when he takes place as scorer for alpine events at Squaw Valley, Calif.

Even the governor, despite bold rhetorical and ostentatious conferences with like-minded southern governors who insist it is not his place to take any action in the state government will take any action to interfere with the state's progress.

Ruben Anderson, the 37-year-old Manchester resident, is a desegregation drive here, as he has been in other parts of the state.

Respectfully yours, Michael Kobut

Today in History
By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS
Today is Monday, Feb. 16, the 47th day of 1970. There are 218 days left in the year.

Today's Highlight in History
On this date in 1969, Fidel Castro was sworn in as Cuba's premier.

On This Date
In 1904, a force of American sailors slipped into the harbor of Tripoli and burned the U.S. Navy Frigate Philadelphia; which had been captured by pirates.

In 1968, the first Texas state legislature met in Austin.

In 1971, the Franco-Prussian War ended in a defeat for France.

In 1962, nearly 15,000 Confederate troops surrendered at Ft. Donelson, Tenn. during the Civil War.

In 1918, during World War I, the English port of Dover was bombed by a German submarine.

In 1942, in the second World War, German submarines attacked oil refineries on Aruba in the Dutch West Indies.

Five Years Ago
Three Americans and a Canadian woman were arrested on charges of plotting to bomb the Statue of Liberty, the Liberty Bell and the Washington Monument.

Current Notes
All the elected officials combined don't have as much power as the combined power of your mothers and fathers.

When we approached them they would not determine the "able plan," says Anderson.

"They wouldn't talk to us in the middle of the school year. If they would have been willing to put off the change until next September."

The judgment that was won, however, was unsatisfactory to the black community and to some whites — because of the probability of desegregation in the years immediately ahead.

Anderson, accordingly, has asked the U.S. Court of Appeals to throw out the district court's integration plan and to create new and larger zones in which re-segregation will be impractical.

There is no desire in the black community, he said, to change present neighborhood character of elementary or junior high schools through busing or rezoning.

If he wins his suit, as he expects, there is a danger that white withdrawal from public schools here. That has already happened on a small scale in the high school level.

He said that in 1969, about 3,000 white and 1,000 black students failed to show up for school. Many of those who have returned this week to private schools sponsored by churches and the White Citizens Council.

William Simmons, treasurer of the Citizens Council School Foundation, said enrollment in the three Council schools in Jackson has gone up from 800 to 2,600 in recent weeks. New classrooms with carpeting,

conditioning and wall paneling have been thrown up to meet the demand. The fees — \$400 a year for the elementary grades, \$600 for high school, with discounts for families with more than one child — have been raised, Simmons says, to attract students from all economic groups.

He sees continued growth ahead, particularly if Anderson wins his suit.

That could happen," Anderson said, "but we can't let up now. We have a great opportunity here. There are less and less hostility between blacks and whites here than there is in the north. More progress is being made here toward a genuinely integrated society than there is in the north. The reason is that blacks and whites can communicate. I possess it's because we work around each other and live around each other. . . . In another 10 years we'll be like Atlanta. Our black people will be fun and people will stop laughing at us. . . . We'll be embarrassed about this state, but not ashamed anymore, because we'll be from Mississippi."

Anderson is regarded as a "black militant" by some in the white community but his liberalism is shared by white liberals here.

"Despite the myths," says the Rev. John Jenkins, dean of St. Andrew's Episcopal Cathedral, "a community's response to integration is not predetermined. There are no pre-ordained outcomes in most of these things."

'Resegregation' a Possibility
In Jackson, Miss. Schools

By RICHARD HARWOOD
The Washington Post

JACKSON, Miss. — On the south side of Jackson last week, blue-collar whites burned wooden crosses in a primitive protest to the imminent integration of the public schools.

On the same night, the governor of Mississippi went out to the state capitol to reassure an emotional crowd of segregationists that "John Bell Williams has not surrendered."

John Bell Williams will never give in, he declared, "if that would do any good" in the struggle against "race mixing."

The following morning, however, 23, 944 white and black children — including the children of Gov. Williams — quietly integrated their classrooms in accordance with a mandate from the federal district court.

At some of the junior and senior high schools, nervous white boys showed up with knives in their pockets. But there were no traumatic incidents at the schools that day and there have been none since.

"This community," said the city's young school superintendent, John Martin, "has shown that it has great pride in its public schools. These last two months have been difficult. There have been threats and threats on my life. But we're going to make it."

Unfortunately, this is not how the integration of the city's public schools has been portrayed in the editorial pages of the local newspapers, bitter-end opponents of integration, have argued that the city is "losing its identity."

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools.

They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the city's public schools. They say that the city is "losing its identity" because of the integration of the



In China Talks:

Moscow Probes Chances To End Communist Split

LONDON (AP) — A Soviet informant said today Moscow's top priority at the Peking border talks is to find out whether reconciliation with China is possible to end the split in the Communist world.

He said the chief of the Soviet negotiating team, First Deputy Foreign Minister Vasily Kuznetsov, has settled in for a long series of probing talks with his Chinese counterpart Chiao Kuan-hua.

This would indicate a considerable broadening of the objectives of the talks which began Oct. 20.

In Soviet eyes the source said, reconciliation must mean China's return to the Communist fold led by Moscow. Failure could lead to a widening of the breach between the two Communist giants.

The informant is an official in a position to see important diplomatic papers passing between the Kremlin and High Soviet diplomats around the world.

There was no way to determine whether he was stating the actual Soviet position or putting up a propaganda front. But his remarks in an interview coincided with an article in Pravda, the Soviet Communist party newspaper which said the Soviet Union is taking the initiative in trying to restore friendly relations between Moscow and Peking.

Kuznetsov returned to Peking at the start of the year for the second phase of the talks on the 4,000-mile border between the two countries.

The source in London said the Kremlin was heartened by Peking's willingness to renew the talks — broken off by Moscow in December — and especially by a Chinese agreement to broaden the discussion to include issues of trade and diplomacy.

At this point, the source said, Kuznetsov sent for his wife to join him for a long stay.

Asked if the Kremlin believed China would end its "splitting tactics" and return to the Moscow-led Communist fold if a settlement were reached on border, trade and other relatively minor disputes, the official said:

"That is what we are trying to find out. That is the objective of Kuznetsov's talks and the basic reason why he is in Peking."

So far, he said, there has been

no discussion of ideological differences.

He appeared to believe that the danger of war in the heartland of Asia has receded. "There is no fighting as long as we are talking," he said.

The Kremlin was "fully aware," the source continued, that China agreed to renew the Warsaw ambassadorial talks with the United States only "in order to put pressure on us" in the Peking negotiations.

Kuznetsov abruptly broke off the negotiations 48 hours after an informal meeting in Warsaw of American and Chinese diplomats. That meeting led to resumption of the American-Chinese talks on Jan. 20 after a two-year halt. The two ambassadors are scheduled to meet again in Warsaw Feb. 20.

The informant said Kuznetsov returned to Moscow in December "to study the new situation resulting from resumption of the Sino-American meetings."

He said the Chinese were persisting in their demand that Moscow recognize formally that the border disputes, involving 931,000 square miles, stem from "unequal treaties" forced upon China by czarist Russia. The Russians have refused to do this.

The dispute over the sections along China's western border between Sinkiang and Kazakhs-Ussuri rivers separating north-east China from Siberia, arises from the Soviet-Chinese treaties of Aigun in 1858 and Peking in 1860.

The source in London said the Kremlin was heartened by Peking's willingness to renew the talks — broken off by Moscow in December — and especially by a Chinese agreement to broaden the discussion to include issues of trade and diplomacy.

At this point, the source said, Kuznetsov sent for his wife to join him for a long stay. Asked if the Kremlin believed China would end its "splitting tactics" and return to the Moscow-led Communist fold if a settlement were reached on border, trade and other relatively minor disputes, the official said:

"That is what we are trying to find out. That is the objective of Kuznetsov's talks and the basic reason why he is in Peking."

So far, he said, there has been

C-DAP Hearing

A public meeting, to review and discuss the preliminary draft of C-DAP (Community Development Action Plan) goals and objectives, is scheduled for tomorrow night. It will be at 7:30 p.m. in the Highland Park School, Porter St.

The goals and objectives were prepared by seven task forces. They were reviewed and discussed by the Board of Directors last Tuesday. The board will be asked to approve the final draft when it meets March 3.

Vernon

Plainville 'Y' Offers Use Of Its Pool

Arrangements have been made with the Plainville YMCA for use of its pool facilities by students from Vernon, Tolland and Ellington, the area served by the newly formed Hockanum Valley YMCA.

Donald Gandini, chairman of the local Y's program committee, explained that reservations will be accepted on a first-come, first-served basis. Pool attendance is limited to 75 persons at any one time.

A session will be held Feb. 4 for students of Grades 6, 7 and 8 from the three towns. One bus will pick up students at the Vernon Center Middle School at 1 p.m. Tolland students will be picked up at 12:45 at the Tolland Middle School and Ellington students will be picked up at 1 at the Center School.

The swim sessions will last from 2:15 to 3:15 p.m., and buses will return to the same pick-up stations at about 4:30. The session for the high school students of the three towns will take place on Feb. 26 with students to be picked up at Tolland High at 12:45 and Rockville and Ellington High Schools at 1 p.m. Buses will return to the same pick-up points about three-and-one-half hours later.

The registration is open to girls and boys. There will be a small charge for transportation and use of the pool with YMCA members leaving to pay less.

Those with firm reservations will be permitted to pay their fee when boarding the bus. Reservations may be made by calling any of the following: James McCarthy, Guy Miller, Donald Gandini or the Chamber of Commerce office.

Bolton

Lathrop, Democratic Head, To Leave Town Committee

Charles Lathrop, Democratic Town Committee chairman for the last six years, has announced that he will not continue on the committee. Lathrop said he resignation was due to business and personal obligations.

At its recent meeting the town committee recommended 25 names to be presented to a Democratic caucus on Feb. 20. Those recommended are the present members: Aloysius Ahearn, John Connolly, Ronald Farris, Edward Fonseca, Maureen Houle, William Houle, Bruce Hutchinson, Elsie Jones, Joseph Licitra, John McDermott, Judy Miner, Marilyn Moonan and Russell Moonan. Also, Raymond Negro, Harold Porcheron, Leon Rivers, Dr. Bernard Sheridan, Walter Treachuk and Claire Wurfel.

The new members recommended to the caucus are Richard Breslow, Laurance Farris, Wilfred Cote, Cathy D'Italia, Anna Lopez and Warren Potter.

Other names may be presented to the caucus at the Community Hall, but it is expected that the endorsed names will be accepted.

William Houle, Democratic registrar of voters, said that recent decisions in the state party prevented the selection of members and delegates to the state conventions at the same caucus. The committee will therefore hold a special meeting on March 13 to select delegates and they will be voted on at a caucus on March 20.

Fire Commissioner Leon Rivers has been appointed as a fire commissioner to replace William Andrejevich who resigned for personal reasons.

Elderly Tour There will be a Senior Citizen's tour to Washington, D.C. for the Cherry Blossom Festival. It will be a three-day, two-night trip, leaving on a Friday and returning on a Sunday.

A sightseeing trip is included and will visit the Smithsonian Institute, the Washington and Lincoln Memorials, Mount Vernon and Arlington Cemetery. At Arlington, the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier, the changing of the guard and John F. Kennedy's grave will be seen. There are reserved seats for the Festival Parade and church on Sunday for those who wish to attend.

It is necessary to have 40 people sign up to complete plans. Those wishing to attend should

call Mrs. Vincent Peracchio, Rt. 85, Senior Citizens from Coventry and Andover are invited. Reservations must be made by February 22. The date will be announced when complete plans are made.

Professor to Speak Robert Foulke, associate professor of English at Trinity College, will speak to the Ladies Benevolent Society at the Congregational Church at 8 p.m. Tuesday. His topic will be "The Silent Partner of Irony" and he will read several selections of modern poetry to illustrate his topic.

Bulletin Board

The coaches and managers of Little League baseball will meet tomorrow in the Community Hall at 7:30 p.m.

The Council of Catholic Women will meet tonight at 7:30 at St. Maurice's Church.

The Public Building Commission will meet tonight in the Community Hall fireplace room at 8.

The Women's Auxiliary of the fire department will meet to night at 8 at the fire house.

Manchester Evening Herald Bolton Spring Correspondent Cathy D'Italia, tel. 649-5609.

Tolland

Youth Pleads Innocent To Draft Evasion

Edward M. Shirshac, 20, of Buff Cap Rd. pleaded innocent today in a federal court to a charge of failure to submit to induction. No trial date was set.

Shirshac, who appeared in U. S. District Court in Hartford, was indicted on Jan. 14. The indictment said Shirshac failed to submit to induction into the armed forces last July 1. The charge carries a five-year and \$10,000 penalty. Shirshac is represented by Atty. George Sherman of Hartford.

\$10 Million Cost of Dam

DARWIN, Australia—Work is to begin soon on a dam to supply more water to the Northern Territory metropolis. The dam, on the Darwin River 19 mile south of here, will supply 20 million gallons of water a day, enough for 100,000 people. It will cost more than \$10 million.

Comment Session

The Manchester Board of Directors, on Thursday, will conduct another of its semi-monthly public comment sessions. It will be from 6:30 to 8:30 p.m., in the town counsel's office in the Municipal Building.

The sessions, held on the first Tuesday and third Thursday of each month, are for those town residents who wish to file suggestions or complaints on any subject in the board's jurisdiction.

Tolland County

Eighth Arrest Made in Drug Probe at UConn

A new arrest was made by state police Saturday in connection with the sale and use of drugs on the University of Connecticut campus. Seven others face charges made last month during the course of a state police investigation on the campus headed by Maj. Samuel Rome.

The newest arrest was that of George G. Barnard of Westport, who was arrested on a Tolland County Superior Court bench warrant charging sale of controlled drugs. He was arrested in Natick, Mass., and is being held under \$10,000 bond.

Of the seven arrests made last month, five face charges in Superior court and have posted \$10,000 bond.

The last to post bond was Peter Tocci, 28, of Mansfield who was released from the Hartford Correctional Center after a Circuit Court 12 appearance in East Hartford where circuit court charges against him were nolleed. He and four others face charges in the higher court while two of those originally arrested are scheduled for appearances in Circuit Courts 11 and 12.

The circuit court charges dropped for Tocci were possession of LSD, possession of marijuana with intent to sell and carrying a weapon in a motor vehicle.

That amendment appears to have little chance. Rep. William M. Colmer, D-Miss., chairman of the House Rules Committee, has asked Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare Robert H. Finch to appear before that panel Tuesday to discuss desegregation.

Colmer seeks a report on federal policies toward busing, freedom of choice plans, and other issues involved in the school desegregation situation. The appearance is an unusual one; that committee, which schedules legislation for floor action, usually hears only House members. The Finch testimony was requested in connection with the coming House vote on appropriations for his agency and the Department of Labor, as part of

Desegregation on Agenda

Congress Rolls Up Sleeves To Tackle Ticklish Issues

WASHINGTON (AP) — Congress returned from a five-day holiday today to confront the politically explosive issue of public school desegregation—North and South.

The Senate votes began Tuesday on Southern-sponsored amendments to a \$35 billion education bill with some Northern senators on a political spot, and the White House position a study in ambiguity.

President Nixon is said by the White House to believe school desegregation should be applied equally throughout the nation.

That appeared to align the administration with the theory of an amendment proposed by Sen. John Stennis, D-Miss., to require equal enforcement of federal regulations no matter what the reason for segregation in the schools.

While the White House endorsed the concept of equal school desegregation pressures, it did not publicly support specifically the Stennis amendment.

It is designed to take in Northern schools where attendance reflects white or black housing patterns, as well as Southern schools which deliberately maintain racial separation.

One Northern liberal, Sen. Abraham Ribicoff, D-Conn., has already endorsed the amendment.

Actually, the Senate will vote first on another Stennis amendment, this one upholding freedom of choice school attendance, and barring the busing of pupils for the sake of integration unless the elected school board approves.

That amendment appears to have little chance. Rep. William M. Colmer, D-Miss., chairman of the House Rules Committee, has asked Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare Robert H. Finch to appear before that panel Tuesday to discuss desegregation.

Colmer seeks a report on federal policies toward busing, freedom of choice plans, and other issues involved in the school desegregation situation. The appearance is an unusual one; that committee, which schedules legislation for floor action, usually hears only House members.

The Finch testimony was requested in connection with the coming House vote on appropriations for his agency and the Department of Labor, as part of

a bill to supplant the measure vetoed by President Nixon. A new version of that bill was expected to clear the House Appropriations Committee today, with its spending level reduced by about \$500 million.

Nixon vetoed the original \$19.7 billion version as inflationary because it exceeded his budget for health and education spending. The House upheld the veto. The new appropriation measure is due before the House Wednesday.

The Senate Judiciary Committee also scheduled a meeting today to resume its consideration of the Supreme Court nomination of Judge G. Harrold Carswell.

If the committee approves confirmation as expected this week, the full Senate probably will begin debate early next month.

Leaders of both chambers are hoping to keep up the swift pace which has marked the session since it opened Jan. 19.

The Senate particularly has acted on a number of major bills, and promises of more of the same come from Democratic Leader Mike Mansfield and Republican Leader Hugh Scott.

The ideal is to avoid the protracted slowdown which kept the legislators in Washington until Dec. 23 last year. Mansfield and Scott are among those particularly anxious to see a much earlier adjournment this year; each is running for reelection.

The Senate already has passed a crime control bill, a narcotics measure tightening penalties for those who deal in drugs, a \$3.1 billion mass transit subsidy bill, a falling newspaper act, and a bill to refinance supplementary railroad retirement benefits.

College Courses In Horse Shoeing

POCATELLO, Idaho (AP) — Now you can go to college and learn to shoe horses.

Idaho State University offered three 15-hour courses this winter in the dying art of shoeing horses. Courses were conducted at Pocatello, Twin Falls and Preston, Idaho.

Don Applegate, owner and trainer of race horses, taught the course using slides and visual aids for lectures. As a practical application of the instruction each student was required to shoe his own horse.

PAUL DODGE IS HAVING HIS GREATEST SALE EVERY NEW PONTIAC MUST BE SOLD BY FEB. 26th regardless of our cost or loss! SAVE UP TO \$1200 ON NEW PONTIACS! PLUS HUGE SAVINGS ON USED CARS... MOST MODELS AND MAKES! HURRY! THIS IS AN OPPORTUNITY OF A LIFETIME TO OWN A BRAND NEW PONTIAC AT AN UNHEARD-OF LOW PRICE! PAUL DODGE PONTIAC 373 MAIN STREET MANCHESTER PHONE 649-2881 OPEN EVERY EVENING TO HANDLE THE CROWDS!



In China Talks: Moscow Probes Chances To End Communist Split

LONDON (AP)—A Soviet informant said today Moscow's top priority at the Peking border talks is to find out whether the danger of war in the heartland of Asia has receded.

The Kremlin was "fully aware" of the Soviet negotiators' position, the informant said. He said the chief of the Soviet negotiating team, First Deputy Foreign Minister Vasily Kuznetsov, has settled in for a long series of probing talks with his Chinese counterpart, Chiao Kuan-hua.

This would indicate a considerable broadening of the objectives of the talks which began in Peking on Jan. 20 after a two-year hiatus.

In Soviet eyes the source said, reconciliation must mean China's return to the Communist fold by Moscow. Failure could lead to a widening of the breach between the two Communist giants.

The informant is an official in a position to see important diplomatic papers passing between the Kremlin and High Soviet diplomats around the world.

There was no way to determine whether the informant was a Soviet position or pertaining to a propaganda front. But his remarks in an interview conducted with an article in Pravda, the Soviet Communist party newspaper, which said the Soviet Union is taking the initiative in trying to restore friendly relations between Moscow and Peking.

Kuznetsov returned to Peking at the start of the year for the second phase of the talks on the 4,000-mile border between the two countries.

The source in London said the Kremlin was heartened by Peking's willingness to remain in the talks broken off by Moscow in December, and especially by a Chinese agreement to include the discussion in trade and diplomatic matters.

At this point, the source said, Kuznetsov sent for his wife to join him for a long stay.

Asked if the Kremlin believed China would end its "splitting Paul J. Manafort of New Britain" conference president, has a Communist fold if a settlement were reached on border, trade and other relatively minor issues, the official directly through the city.

The amendment, offered by Kuznetsov's talks and the basic Sen. Vance Hartke, D-Indiana, would make the figure 50 per cent, he said, there has been cent.

C-DAP Hearing

A public meeting to review and discuss the preliminary draft of C-DAP (Community Development Action Plan) goals and objectives, is scheduled for tomorrow night.

The goals and objectives were prepared by seven task forces. They were reviewed and discussed by the Board of Directors last Tuesday.

The board will be asked to approve the final draft when it meets March 3.

Vernon Plainville 'Y' Offers Use Of Its Pool

Arrangements have been made for the Plainville YMCA to offer use of its pool facilities to students from Vernon, Tolland and Ellington.

The new members recommended to the caucus are Richard A. Breslow, Laurence Briggs, Wilfred Cole, Cathy D'Istia, Anna Lopez and William P. Potter.

Other names may be presented to the caucus at the Community Hall, but it is expected that the endorsed names will be accepted.

William Houle, Democratic registrar of voters, said that recent decisions in the state party prevented the selection of names to be presented at the caucus.

The caucus will meet at 7:30 p.m. at the Community Hall, 111 Main St., Vernon, Conn.

Fire Commissioner Leon Rivers has been appointed as a fire commissioner to replace William Andreolevich who resigned for personal reasons.

There will be a Senior Citizens' tour to Washington, D.C., for the Cherry Blossom Festival. It will be a three-day, two-night trip, leaving on a Friday and returning on a Sunday.

A sightseeing trip is included and will visit the Smithsonian Institute, the Washington and Lincoln Memorials, Mount Vernon and Arlington Cemetery.

The "Bomb of the Unknown Soldier," the changing of the guard and John F. Kennedy's grave will be seen. There are reserved seats for the Festival Parade and church on Sunday for those who wish to attend.

It is necessary to have 10 people sign up to complete plans. Those wishing to attend should call 240-1100.

Bolton Lathrop, Democratic Head, To Leave Town Committee

Charles Lathrop, Democratic Town Committee chairman for the last six years, has announced that he will not continue on the committee.

Lathrop said he has resigned was due to business and personal obligations.

At its recent meeting the town committee recommended 25 names to be presented to a Democratic caucus on Feb. 20.

Those recommended are: Aloysius Alberti, John Connelly, Ronald Harris, Edward Ponsica, Maurin Houle, William Houle, Bruce Hutchinson, Elaine Jones, Joseph Licitra, John McDevitt, Judy Miner, Marilyn Moonan and Russell Moonan.

Alas, Raymond Negro, Harold Forcherson, Leon Rivers, Dr. Bernard Sheridan, Walter Treeshuk and Claire Wiertel.

The new members recommended to the caucus are Richard A. Breslow, Laurence Briggs, Wilfred Cole, Cathy D'Istia, Anna Lopez and William P. Potter.

Other names may be presented to the caucus at the Community Hall, but it is expected that the endorsed names will be accepted.

William Houle, Democratic registrar of voters, said that recent decisions in the state party prevented the selection of names to be presented at the caucus.

The caucus will meet at 7:30 p.m. at the Community Hall, 111 Main St., Vernon, Conn.

Fire Commissioner Leon Rivers has been appointed as a fire commissioner to replace William Andreolevich who resigned for personal reasons.

There will be a Senior Citizens' tour to Washington, D.C., for the Cherry Blossom Festival. It will be a three-day, two-night trip, leaving on a Friday and returning on a Sunday.

A sightseeing trip is included and will visit the Smithsonian Institute, the Washington and Lincoln Memorials, Mount Vernon and Arlington Cemetery.

The "Bomb of the Unknown Soldier," the changing of the guard and John F. Kennedy's grave will be seen. There are reserved seats for the Festival Parade and church on Sunday for those who wish to attend.

It is necessary to have 10 people sign up to complete plans. Those wishing to attend should call 240-1100.

Desegregation on Agenda Congress Rolls Up Sleeves To Tackle Ticklish Issues

WASHINGTON (AP)—A five-day session of the House Education and Labor Committee today will focus on the politically explosive issue of public school desegregation.

The Senate vote began Tuesday with its spending level reduced by about \$500 million.

Nixon vetoed the original \$1.7 billion version as inflationary because it exceeded his budget for health and education spending. The House upheld the veto.

The new appropriation measure is due before the House Wednesday.

The Senate Judiciary Committee also scheduled a meeting today to resume its consideration of the Supreme Court nomination of Justice G. Harwood Carswell.

The committee approved an amendment proposed by Sen. John Stennis, D-Miss., to require equal enforcement of federal regulations on matter which the reason for segregation in the schools.

Leaders of both chambers are hoping to keep the swift pace which has marked the session since it opened Jan. 15.

The Senate particularly has acted on a number of major bills, and promises of more of the same come from Democratic Leader Mike Mansfield and Republican Leader Hugh Scott.

The ideal is to avoid the protracted showdown which kept the legislators in Washington until Dec. 23 last year.

Managers of the bill are among those who have been asked to assume these responsibilities.

The Senate already has passed a crime control amendment, a \$1 billion mass transit subsidy bill, a falling newspaper act, and a bill to refinance supplementary railroad retirement benefits.

In a majority report made available today, the committee said that "it is possible that the desegregation of public schools is a constitutional right that he is a fair share of the presidential popular vote—completely out of line with its percentage of population."

Answering arguments of amendment sponsors, the committee said that "the desegregation of public schools is a constitutional right that he is a fair share of the presidential popular vote—completely out of line with its percentage of population."

Managers of the bill are among those who have been asked to assume these responsibilities.

The Senate already has passed a crime control amendment, a \$1 billion mass transit subsidy bill, a falling newspaper act, and a bill to refinance supplementary railroad retirement benefits.

In a majority report made available today, the committee said that "it is possible that the desegregation of public schools is a constitutional right that he is a fair share of the presidential popular vote—completely out of line with its percentage of population."

Answering arguments of amendment sponsors, the committee said that "the desegregation of public schools is a constitutional right that he is a fair share of the presidential popular vote—completely out of line with its percentage of population."

Managers of the bill are among those who have been asked to assume these responsibilities.

The Senate already has passed a crime control amendment, a \$1 billion mass transit subsidy bill, a falling newspaper act, and a bill to refinance supplementary railroad retirement benefits.

In a majority report made available today, the committee said that "it is possible that the desegregation of public schools is a constitutional right that he is a fair share of the presidential popular vote—completely out of line with its percentage of population."

Answering arguments of amendment sponsors, the committee said that "the desegregation of public schools is a constitutional right that he is a fair share of the presidential popular vote—completely out of line with its percentage of population."

Nixon Would Set Voting Age at 18

WASHINGTON (AP)—The small percentage of young Nixon administration asked Congress today to follow the lead of Great Britain and approve a constitutional amendment lowering the voting age to 18 for federal elections.

The Berkeley demonstration featured a parade of young people, a judge Hoffman, when a policeman tried to haul it down, the crowd surged along a street breaking store windows over a

The time has come for us also to measure the constraints of custom and tradition against the compelling force of reason and the every-day facts of life and the every-day facts of life which surround us," Kleindienst said.

He said a Senate Judiciary subcommittee the nation does not wait until 21 years of age for young people to enter the labor market, to pay income taxes or to serve in the military.

"If we have sufficient confidence in them to permit them to assume these responsibilities, why should we not permit them as far as the right to vote is concerned," he said.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

He said Congress has already passed a number of bills which would lower the voting age to 18 in various areas, such as jury duty, military service, and the right to sue.

Senate Confronts Busing in North

WASHINGTON (AP)—The Senate reached the time of decision today on proposals designed to check the drive toward school integration now in full swing in the South.

The initial vote was set for around 4:30 p.m. on an amendment by Sen. John Stennis, D-Miss., to a \$30 billion education bill seeking a unified policy for school desegregation throughout the nation.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

Stennis' amendment provided the government must move as vigorously against Northern de facto segregation as it does against the South.

South Seeks Definition Of Race Balance

WASHINGTON (AP)—The Supreme Court which has been slowly spelling out its school desegregation policy for 16 years, has been urged to give a final definition of race balance in every school.

The Memphis Board of Education led the court Monday in doing all it can to end school segregation but that it cannot control the makeup of the city's neighborhoods.

At the same time, President Nixon said he supported busing pupils to obtain racial balance in schools, asserted the neighborhood school concept should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

The Memphis school board ruled on whether schools which reflect the racial composition of the neighborhood should be the rule "to the extent possible."

EVERY EVENING PONTIAC MUST BE SOLD BY FEB. 26th regardless of our cost or loss! SAVE UP TO \$1,200 ON NEW PONTIACS! PLUS HUGE SAVINGS ON USED CARS... MOST MODELS AND MAKES! HURRY! THIS IS AN OPPORTUNITY OF A LIFE-TIME TO OWN A BRAND NEW PONTIAC AT AN UNHEARD-OF LOW PRICE! OPEN EVERY EVENING TO HANDLE THE CROWDS!

Three Indicted in Fraud Concerning Navy Contract. Anonymous Admirer Pays Hershey Tribute. Bargain Burglars Beaten Back.